

Model-Based Teeth Reconstruction



Chenglei Wu², Derek Bradley¹, Pablo Garrido³, **Michael Zollhöfer³**,
Christian Theobalt³, Markus Gross^{1,2}, Thabo Beeler¹

¹Disney Research ²ETH Zurich ³Max Planck Institute for Informatics



ETH zürich



MOTIVATION

MOTIVATION



Input Image

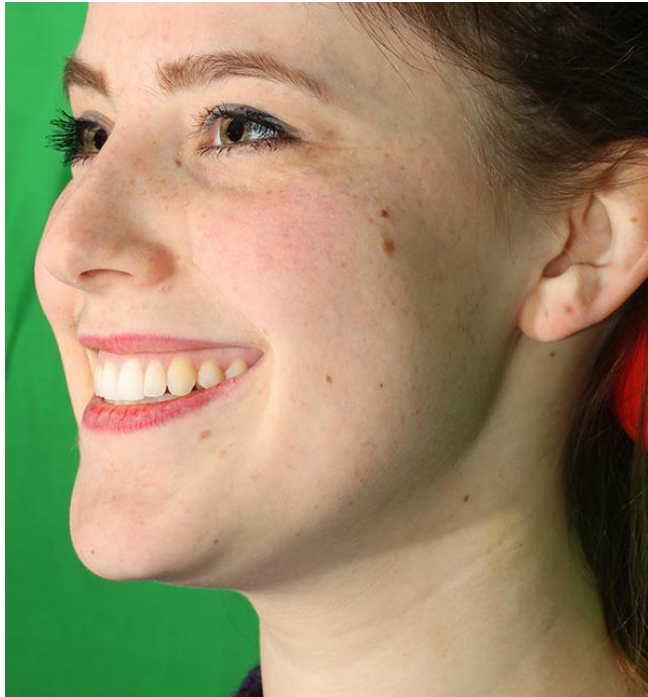


Beeler11

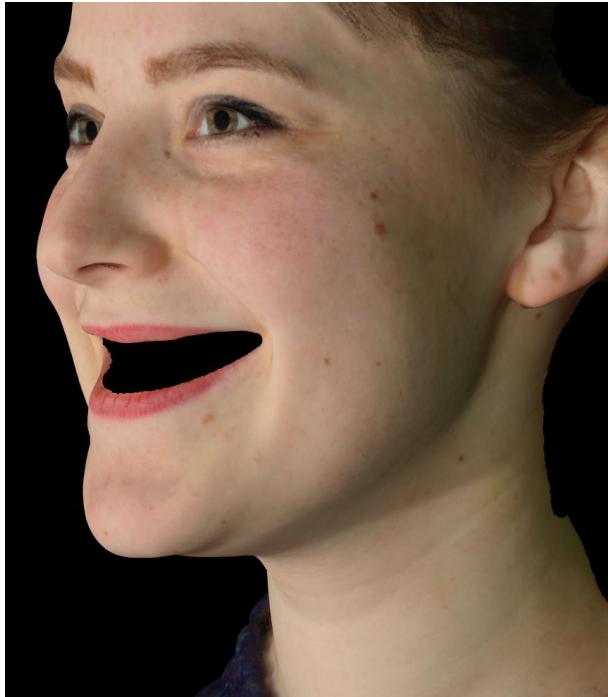
MOTIVATION



Berard16

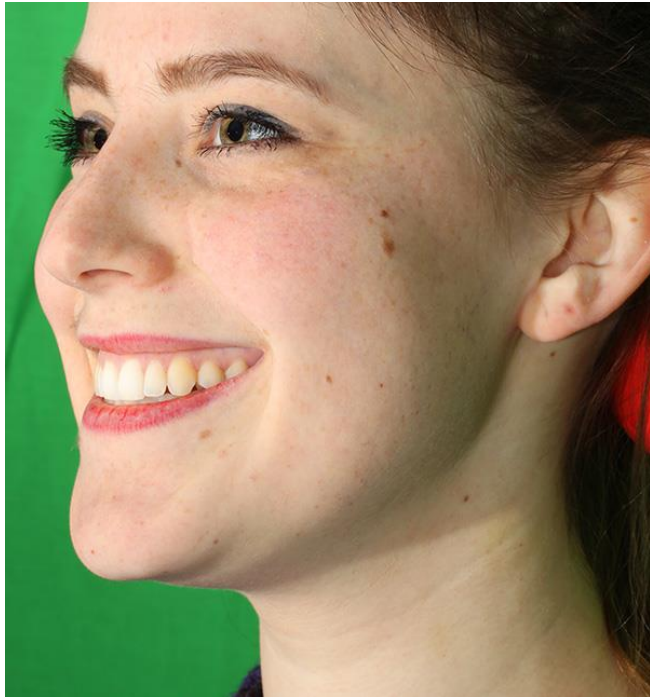


Input Image

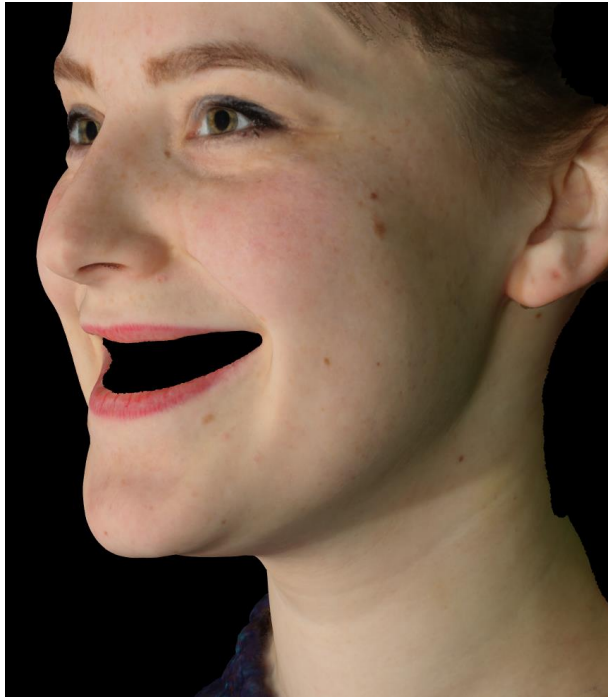


Beeler11

MOTIVATION



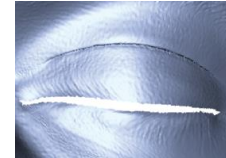
Input Image



Beeler11

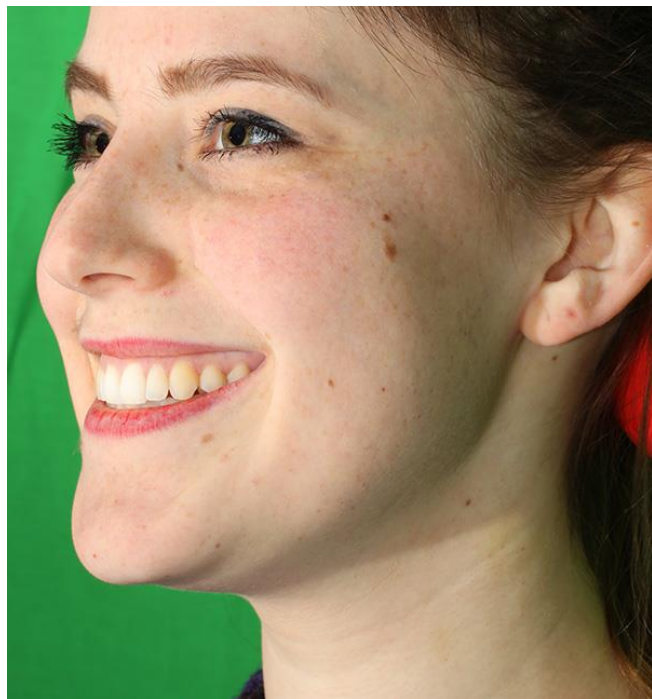


Berard16

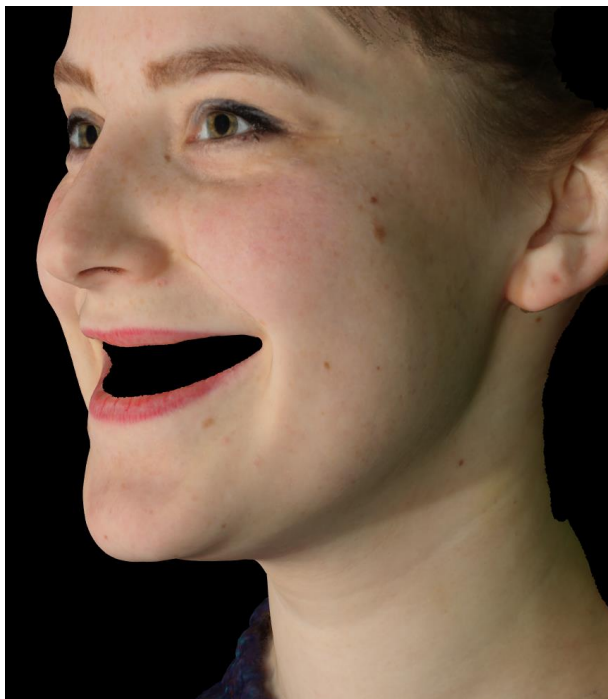


Bermano16

MOTIVATION



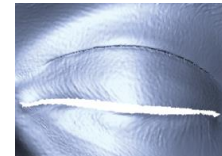
Input Image



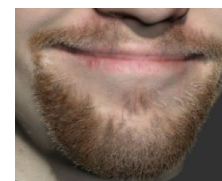
Beeler11



Berard16

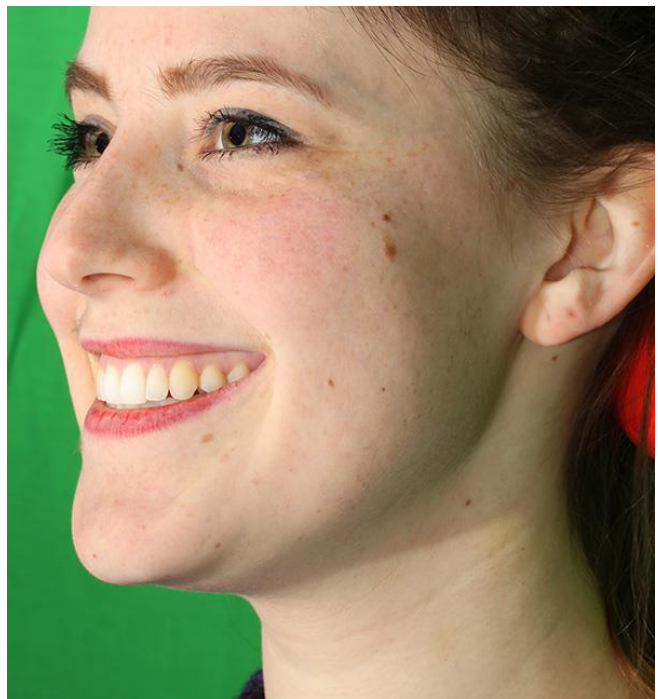


Bermano16

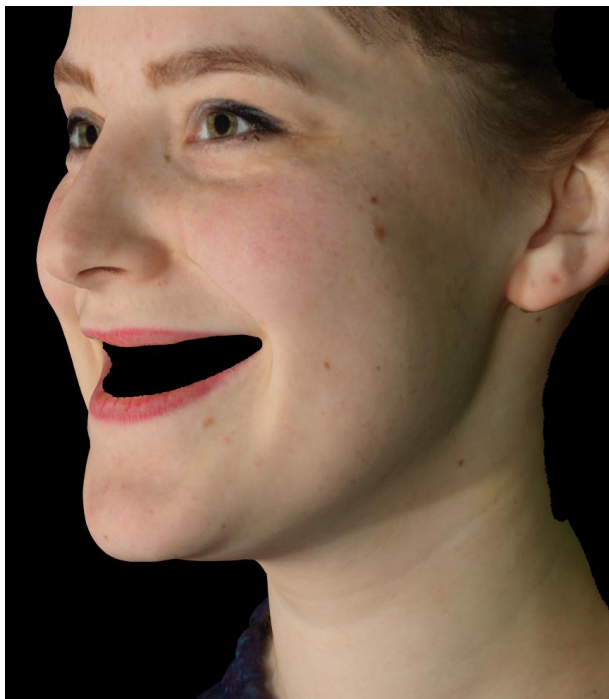


Beeler12

MOTIVATION



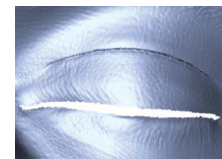
Input Image



Beeler11



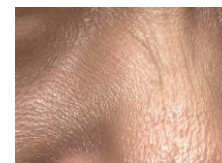
Berard16



Bermano16

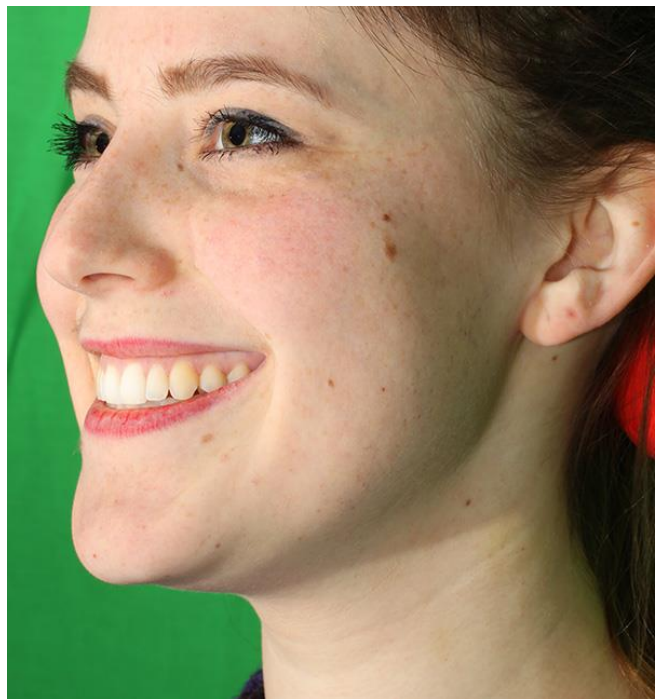


Beeler12

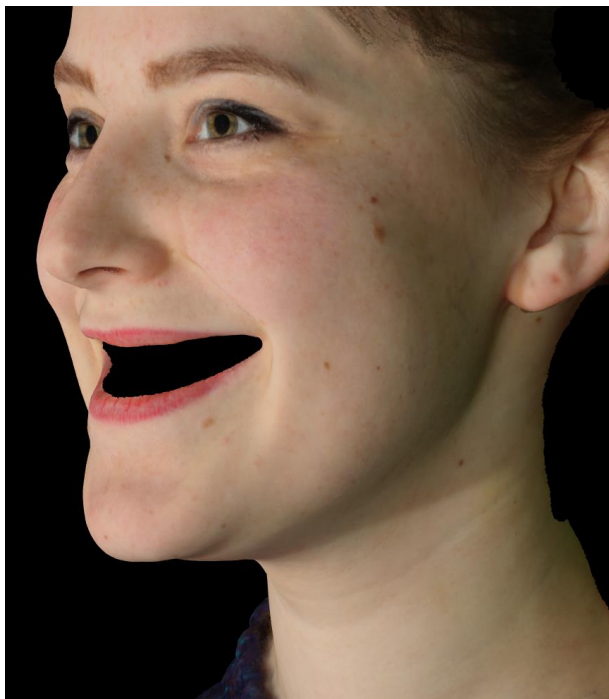


Nagano15

MOTIVATION



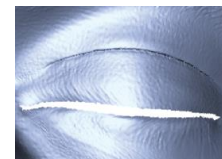
Input Image



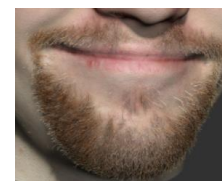
Beeler11



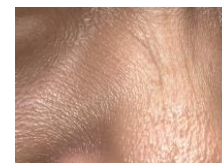
Berard16



Bermano16



Beeler12

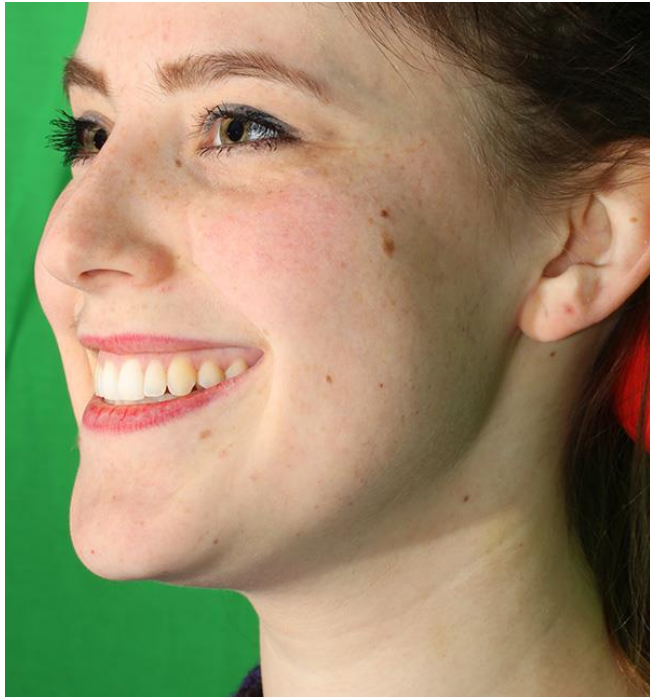


Nagano15

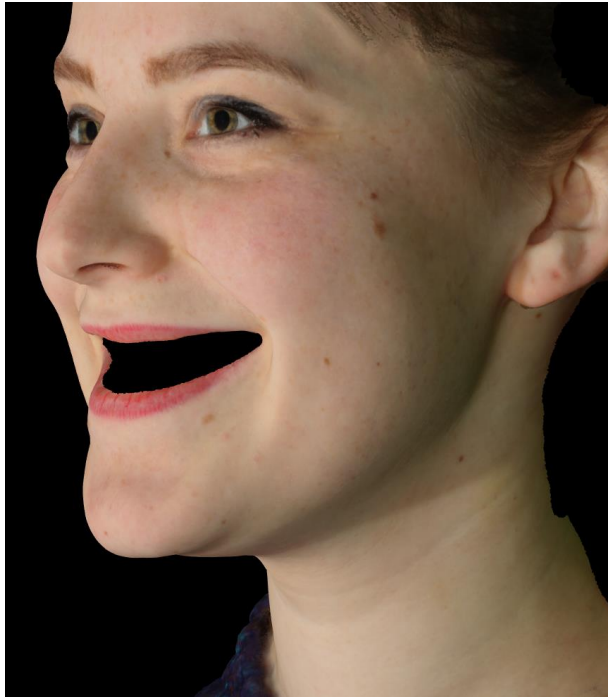


Hu14

MOTIVATION



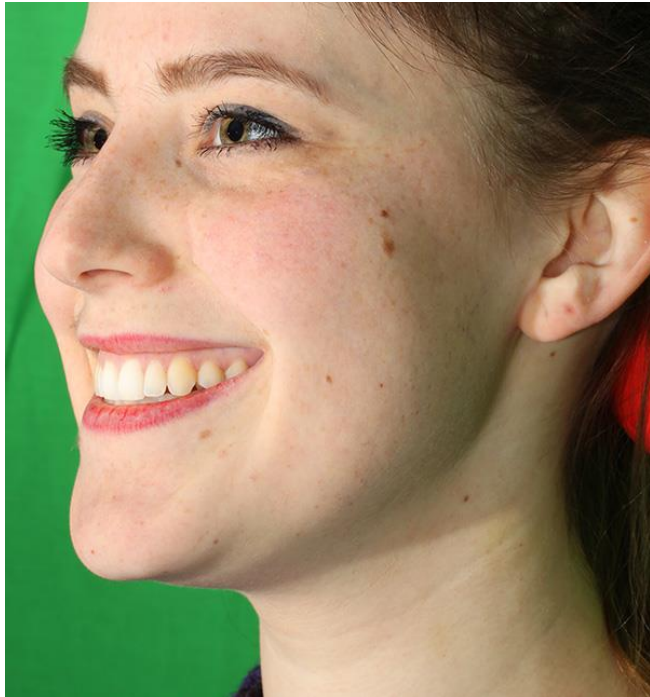
Input Image



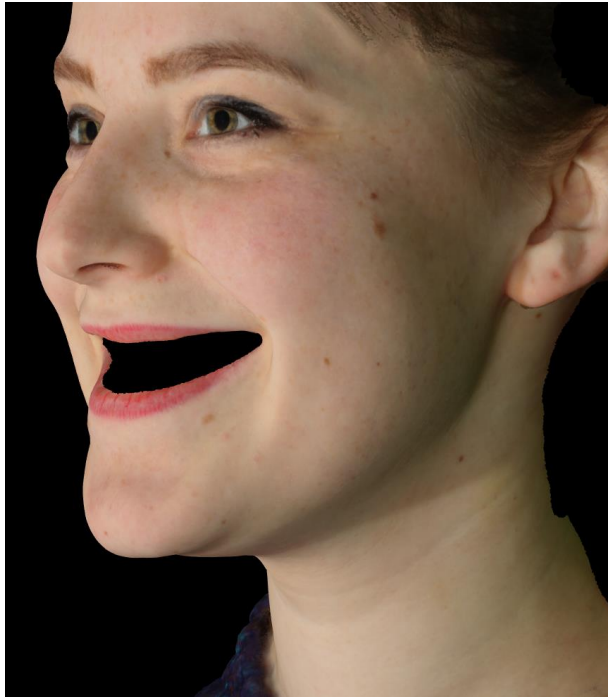
Beeler11

Teeth are missing!

MOTIVATION



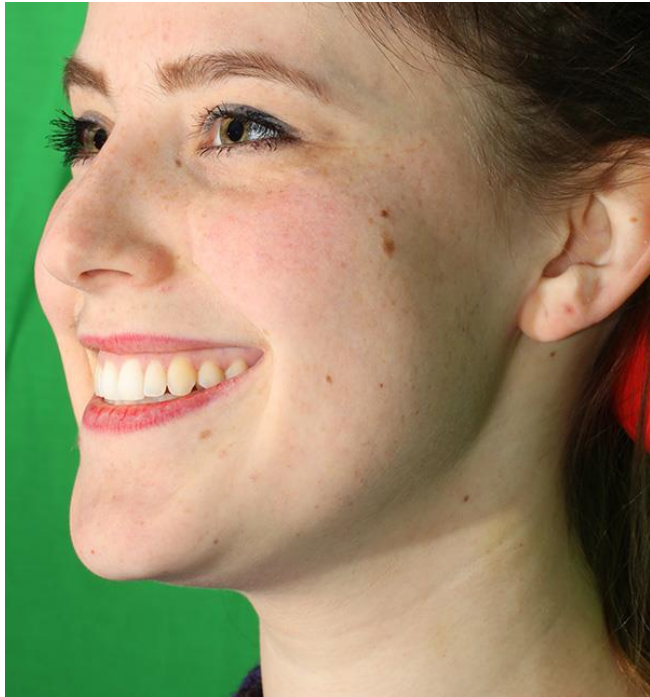
Input Image



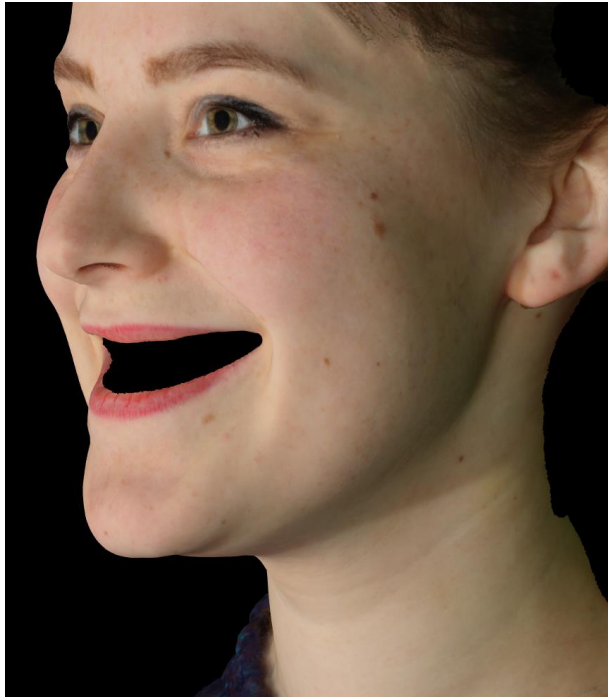
Beeler11

Teeth are missing!

MOTIVATION



Input Image

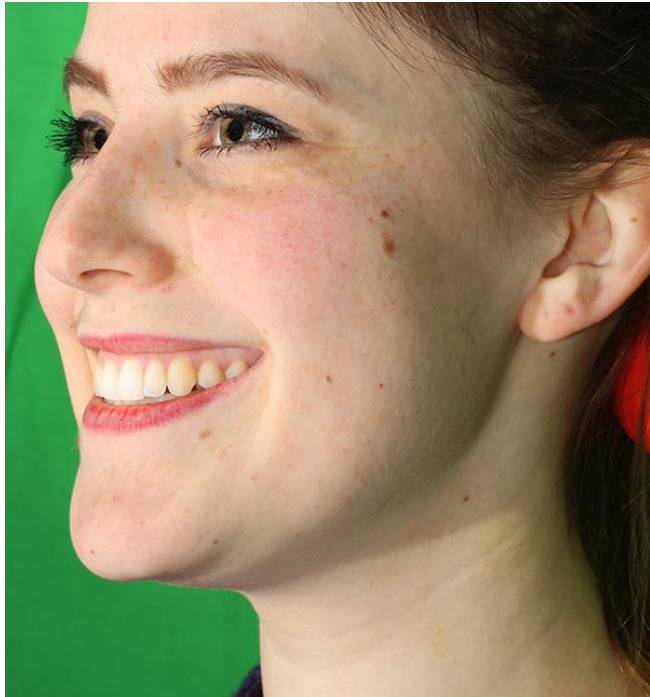


Beeler11

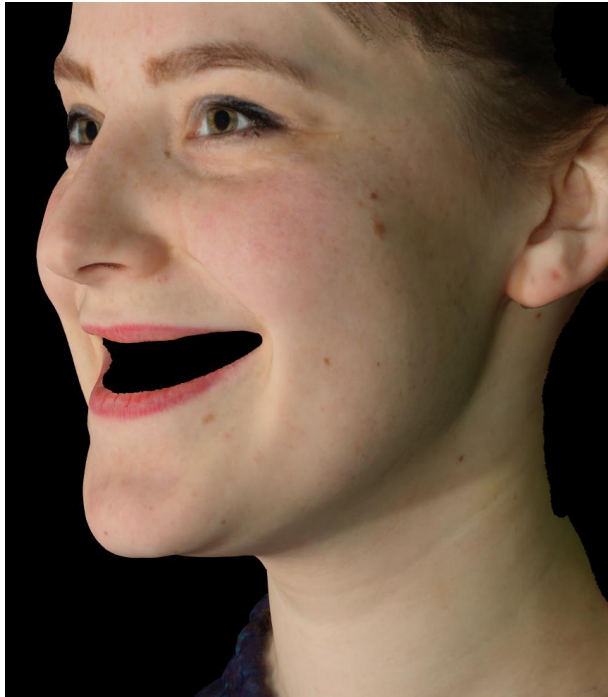
Teeth are missing!

Complex Appearance

MOTIVATION



Input Image



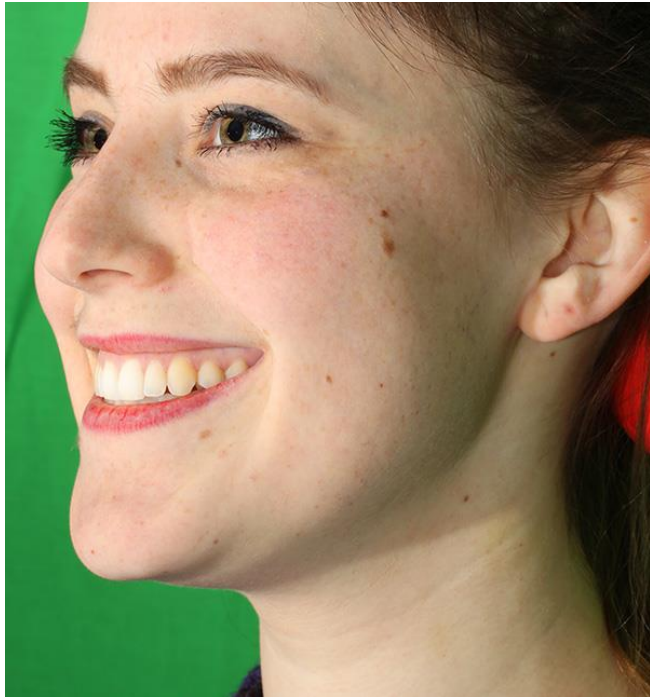
Beeler11

Teeth are missing!

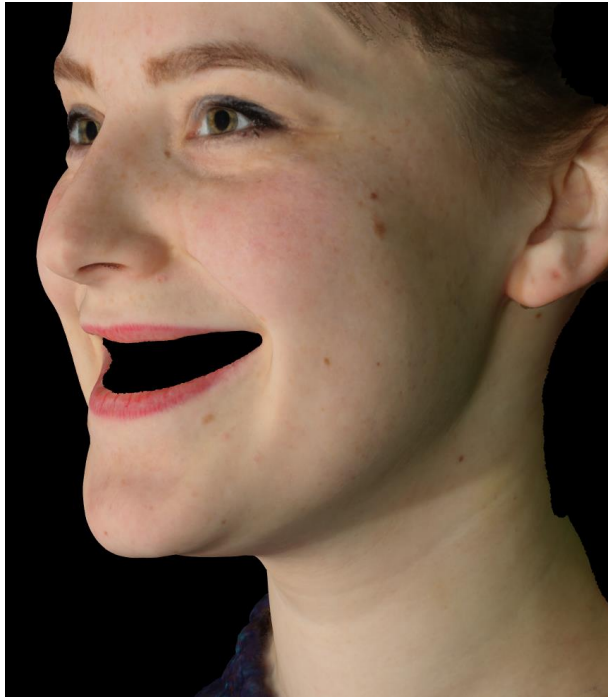
Complex Appearance

Featureless

MOTIVATION



Input Image



Beeler11

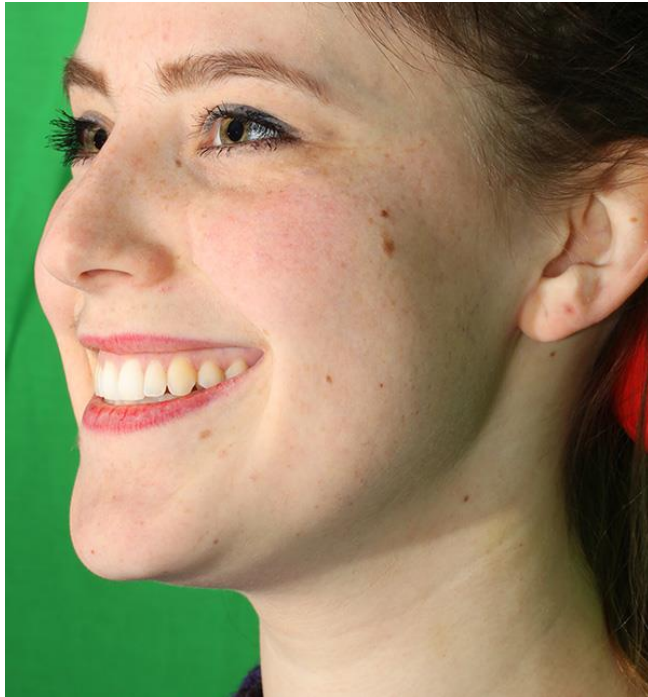
Teeth are missing!

Complex Appearance

Featureless

Occlusions

MOTIVATION



Input Image



Our Reconstruction

Teeth are missing!

Complex Appearance

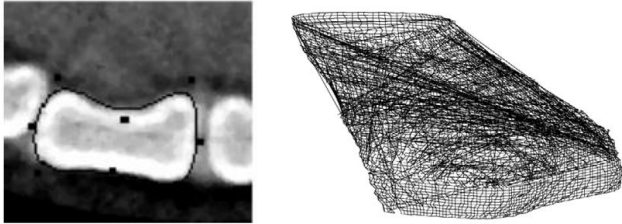
Featureless

Occlusions

RELATED WORK

RELATED WORK

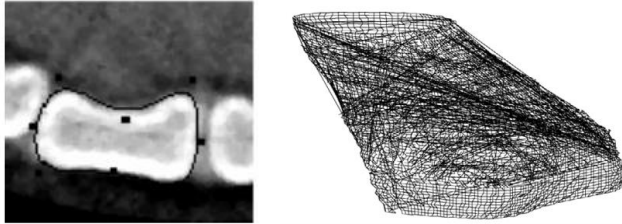
Medical Dentistry



From CT images
[Omachi07, Yanagisawa14]

RELATED WORK

Medical Dentistry



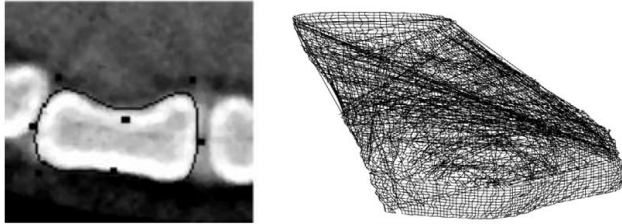
From CT images
[Omachi07, Yanagisawa14]



Intra-Oral Scanners
[3M True Definition, iTero, 3Shape TRIOS]

RELATED WORK

Medical Dentistry



From CT images
[Omachi07, Yanagisawa14]

Photogrammetric Reconstruction



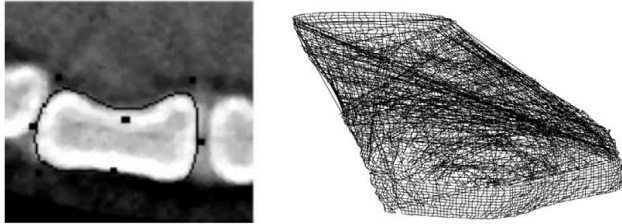
Shape from Shading
[Carter10, Farag13, Mostafa14]



Intra-Oral Scanners
[3M True Definition, iTero, 3Shape TRIOS]

RELATED WORK

Medical Dentistry

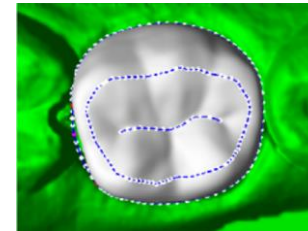


From CT images
[Omachi07, Yanagisawa14]

Photogrammetric Reconstruction



Shape from Shading
[Carter10, Farag13, Mostafa14]



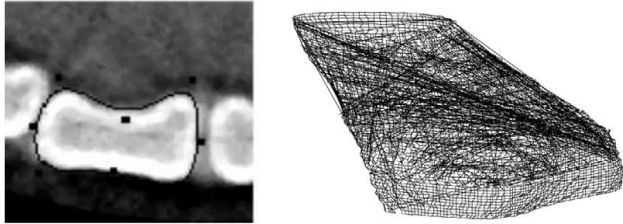
Contours and Feature Points
[Zheng11]



Intra-Oral Scanners
[3M True Definition, iTero, 3Shape TRIOS]

RELATED WORK

Medical Dentistry



From CT images
[Omachi07, Yanagisawa14]

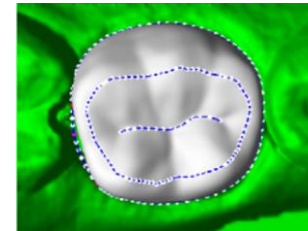


Intra-Oral Scanners
[3M True Definition, iTero, 3Shape TRIOS]

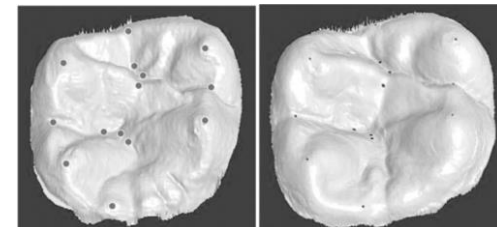
Photogrammetric Reconstruction



Shape from Shading
[Carter10, Farag13, Mostafa14]



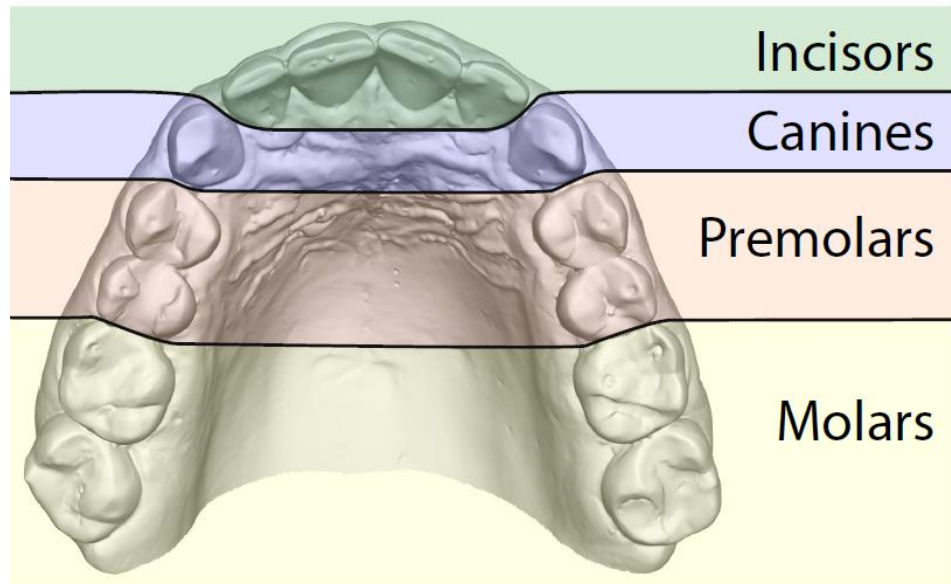
Contours and Feature Points
[Zheng11]



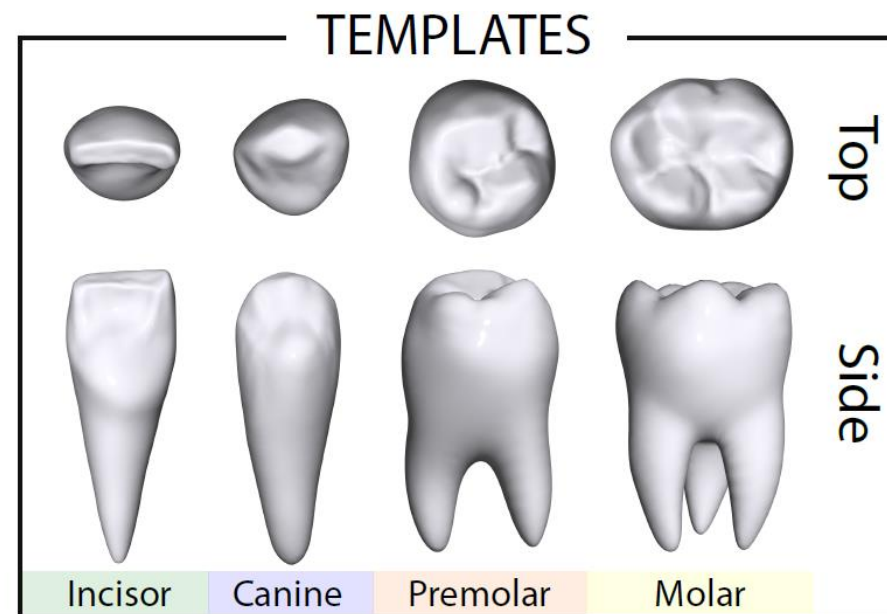
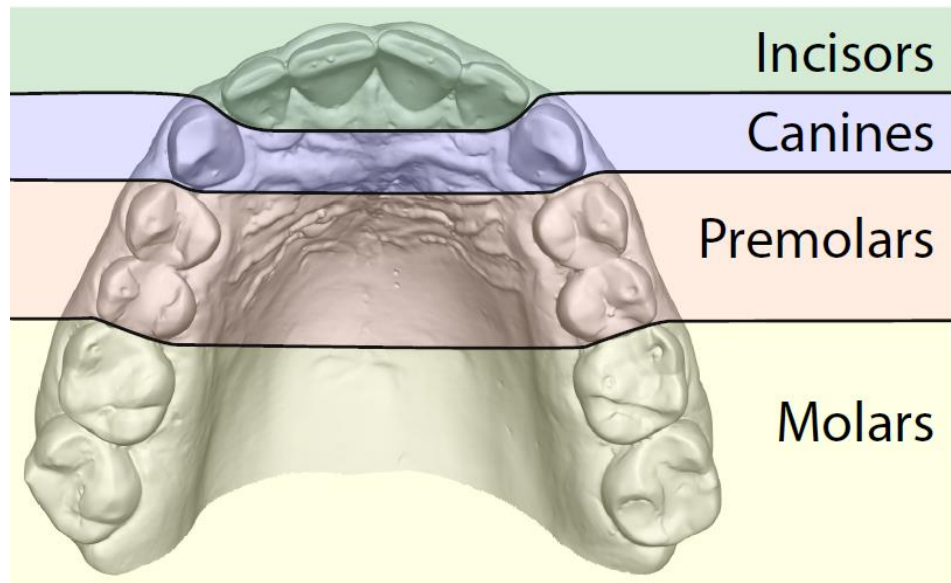
Statistical Models
[Mehl05, Buchaillard07]

HUMAN TEETH

HUMAN TEETH



HUMAN TEETH



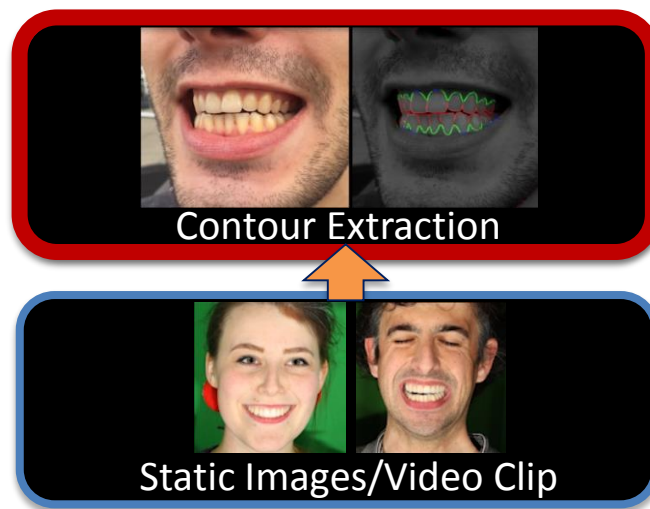
OVERVIEW

OVERVIEW



Static Images/Video Clip

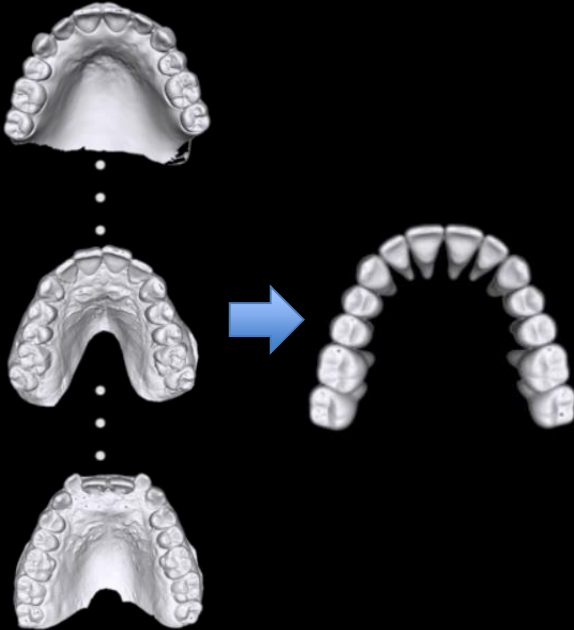
OVERVIEW



OVERVIEW

Teeth Prior Model

Dental Scans



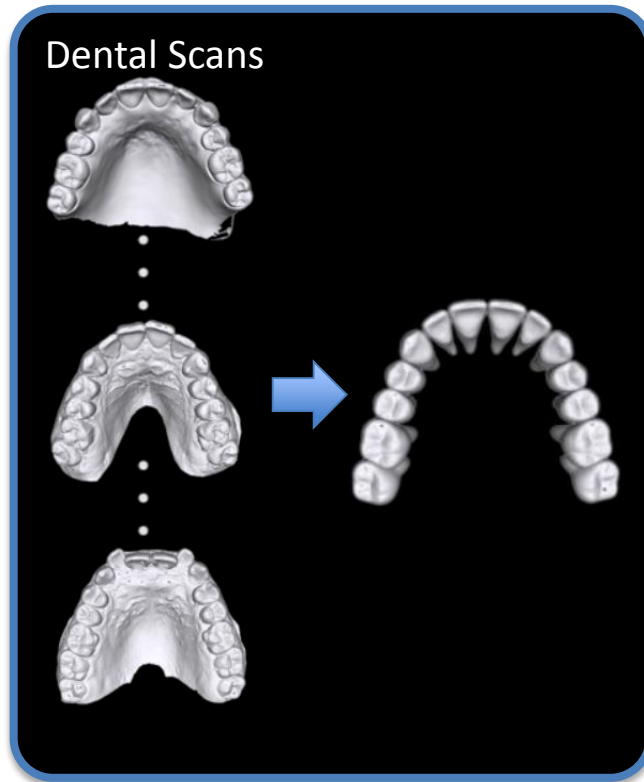
Contour Extraction



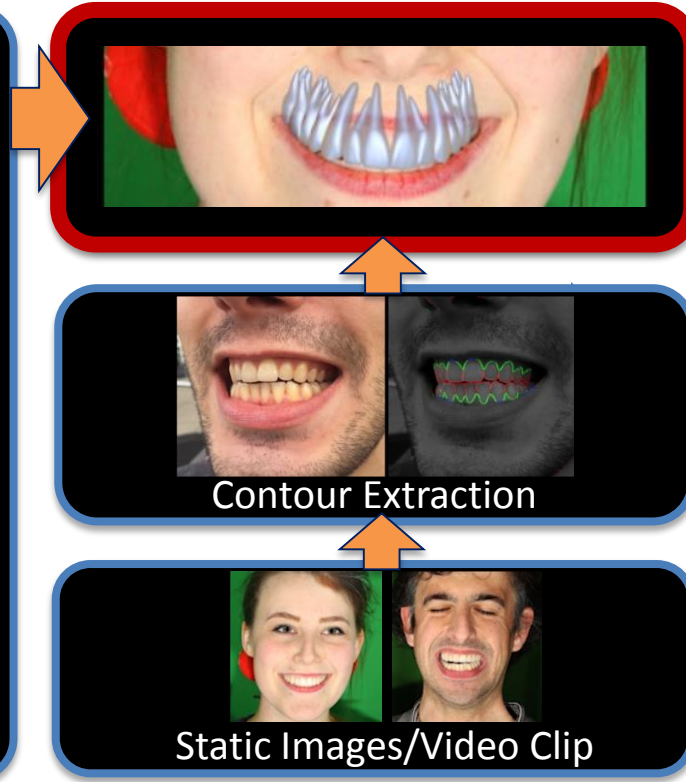
Static Images/Video Clip

OVERVIEW

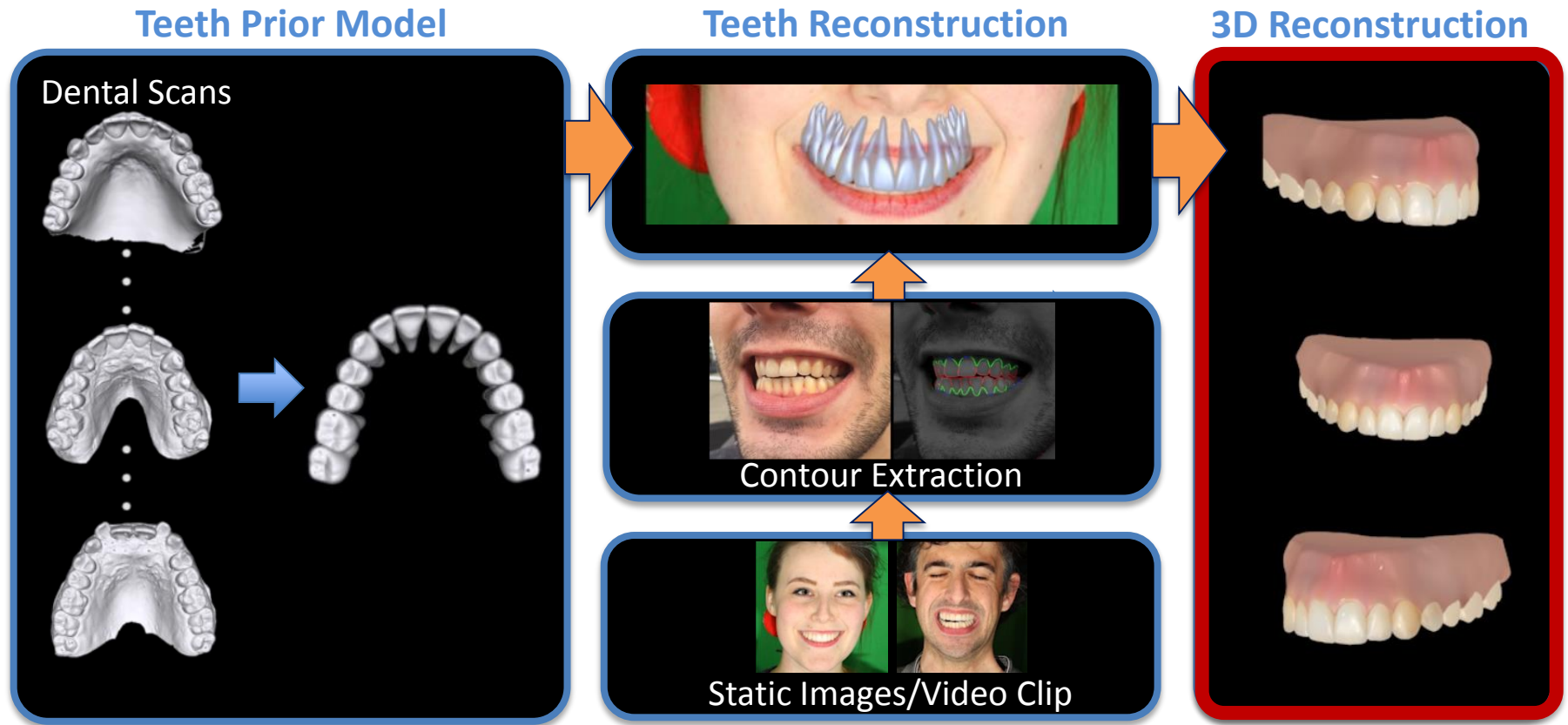
Teeth Prior Model



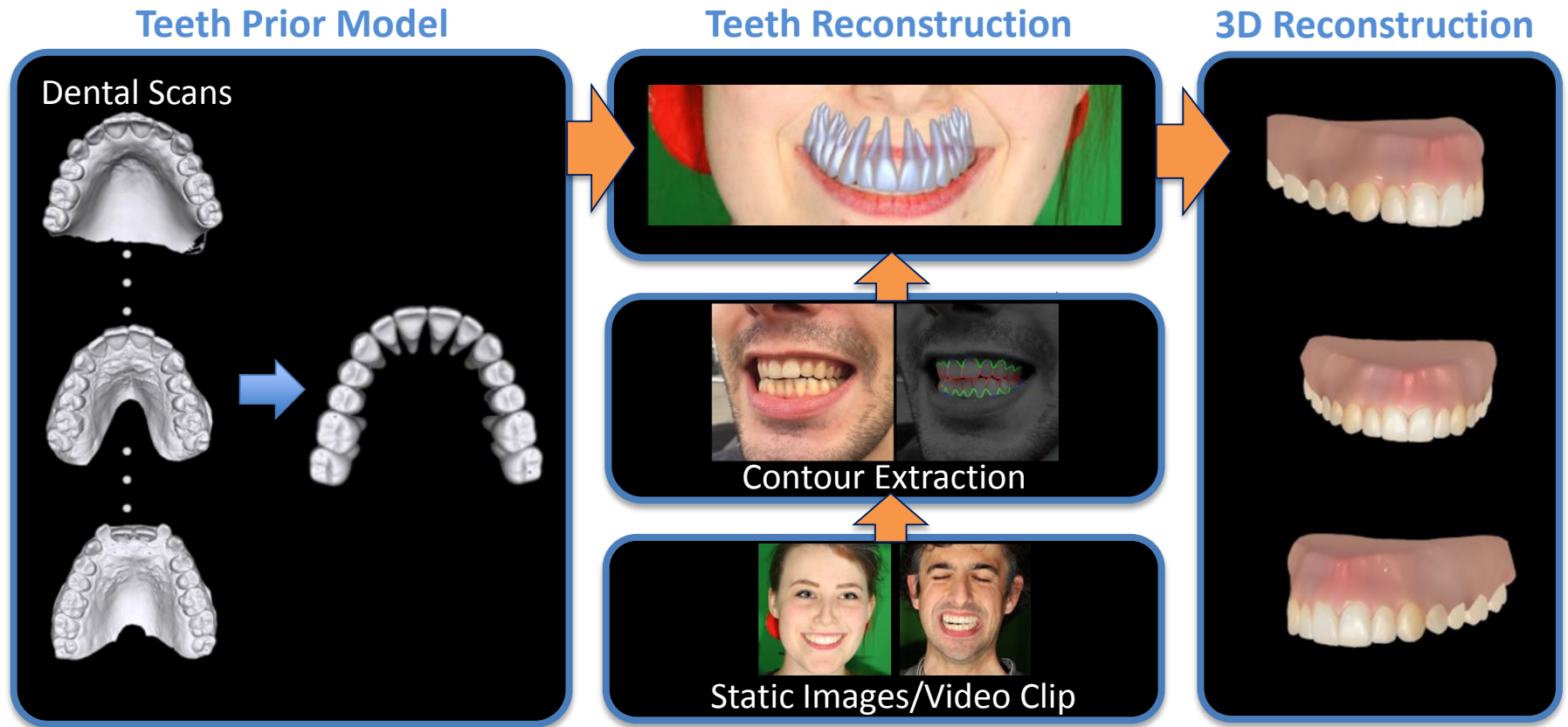
Teeth Reconstruction



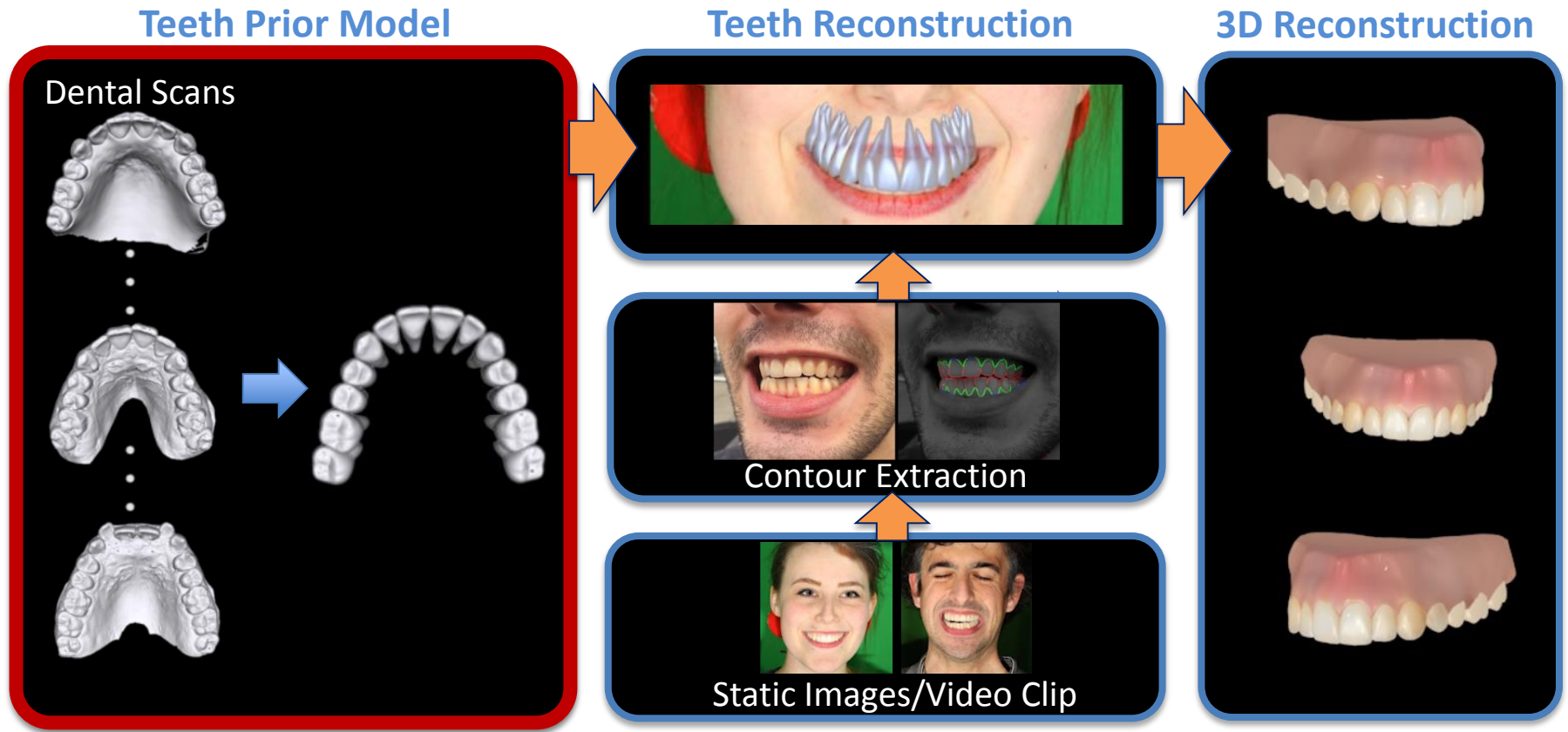
OVERVIEW



OVERVIEW



OVERVIEW

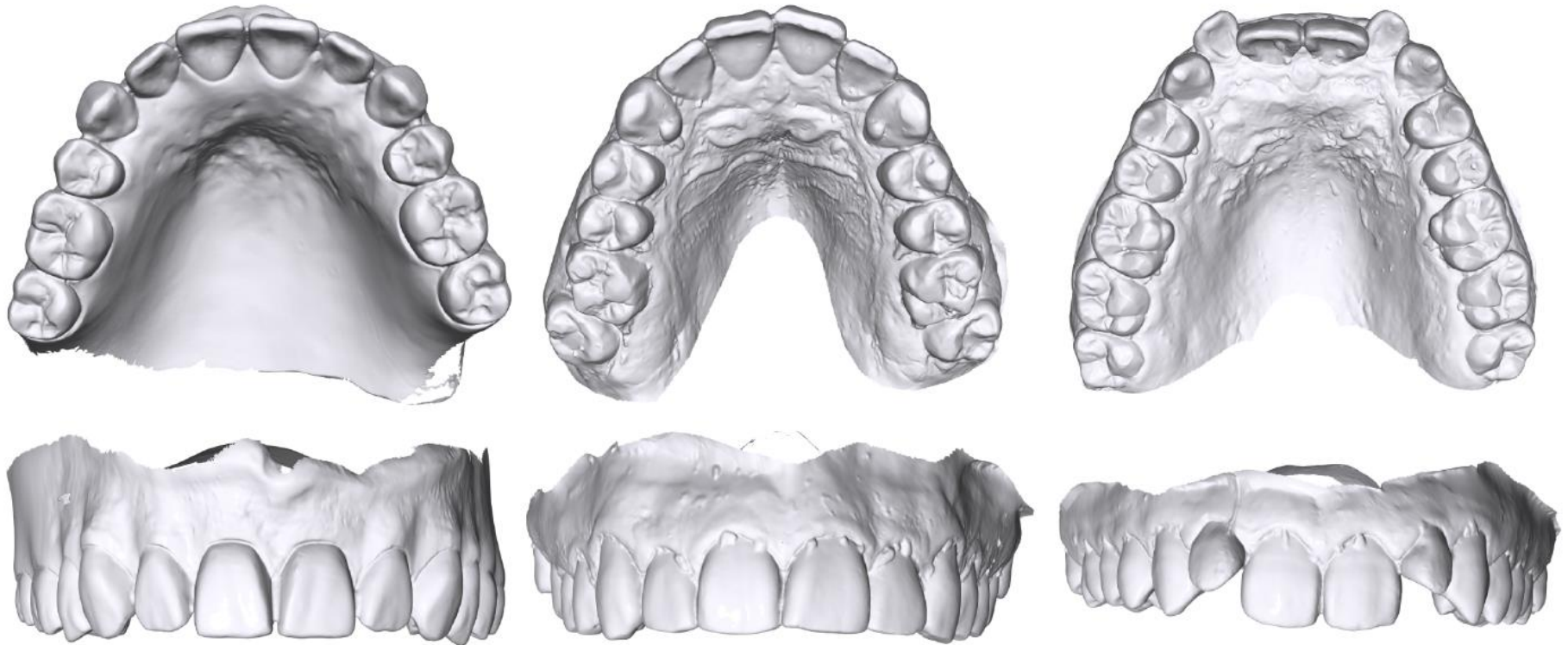


TEETH MODEL

- 86 high resolution plaster cast scans

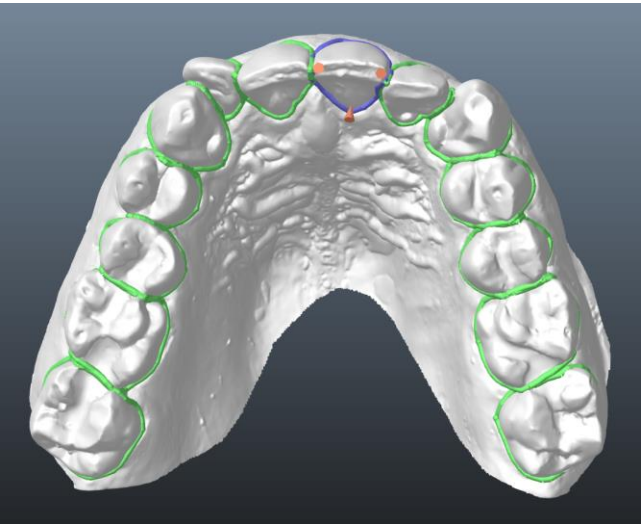
TEETH MODEL

- 86 high resolution plaster cast scans



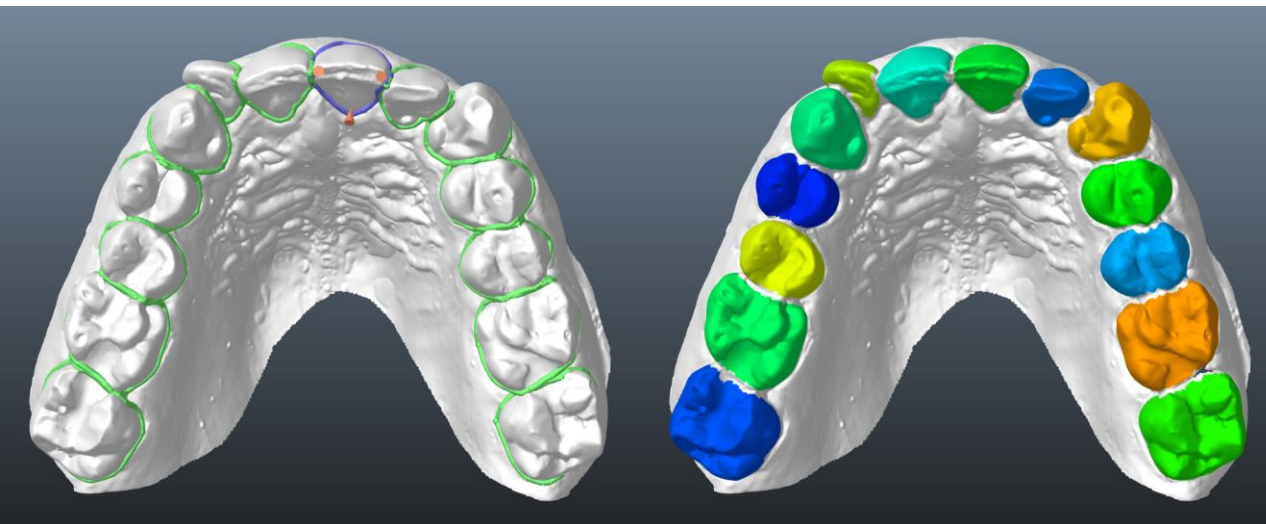
PREPROCESSING

PREPROCESSING



Input Scan

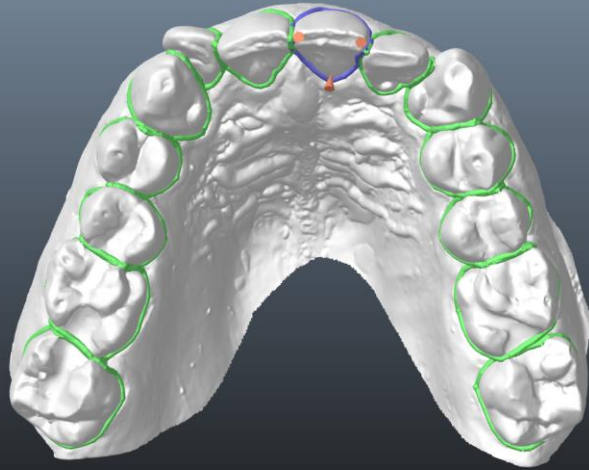
PREPROCESSING



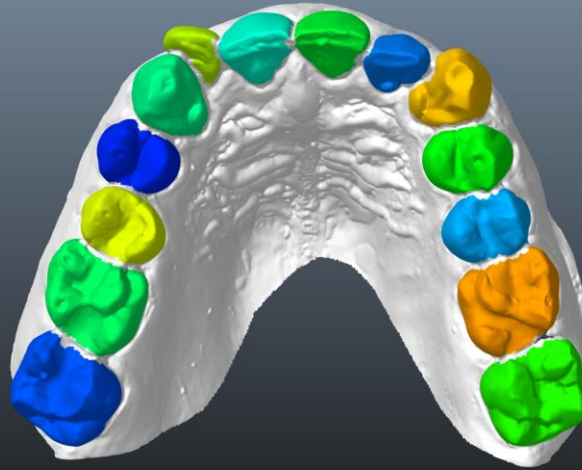
Input Scan

Teeth Segmentation

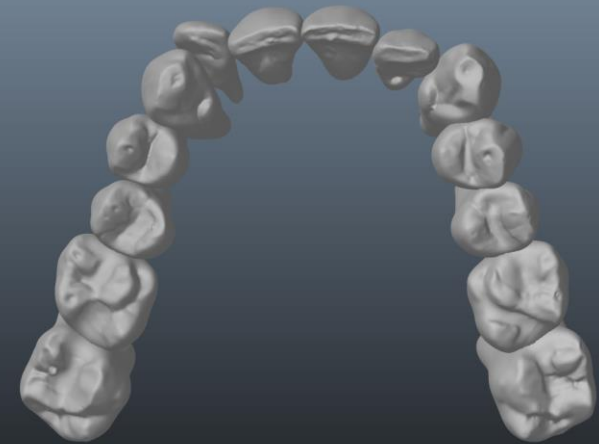
PREPROCESSING



Input Scan



Teeth Segmentation



Fitted Template

PARAMETRIC TEETH MODEL

$$\mathbf{Z}_\tau = \mathbf{S} \mathbf{T}_\tau \left(\mathbf{A}_\tau + \sum_i \alpha_\tau^i \mathbf{B}_\tau^i \right)$$

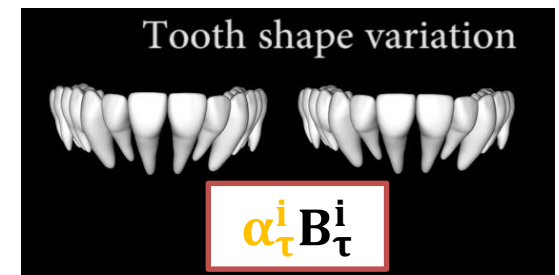
PARAMETRIC TEETH MODEL

$$\mathbf{Z}_\tau = \mathbf{S} \mathbf{T}_\tau \left(\mathbf{A}_\tau + \sum_i \alpha_\tau^i \mathbf{B}_\tau^i \right)$$



PARAMETRIC TEETH MODEL

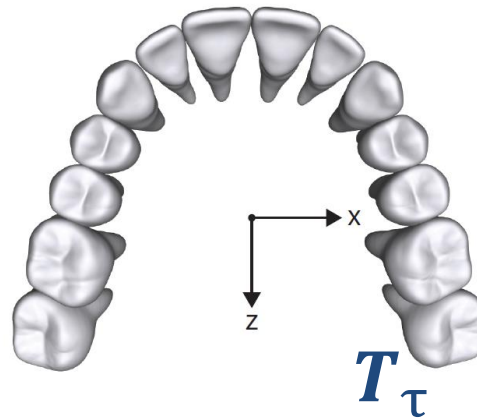
$$\mathbf{Z}_\tau = \mathbf{S} \mathbf{T}_\tau \left(\mathbf{A}_\tau + \sum_i \alpha_\tau^i \mathbf{B}_\tau^i \right)$$



shape of tooth τ

PARAMETRIC TEETH MODEL

$$\mathbf{Z}_\tau = \mathbf{S} \mathbf{T}_\tau \left(\mathbf{A}_\tau + \sum_i \alpha_\tau^i \mathbf{B}_\tau^i \right)$$



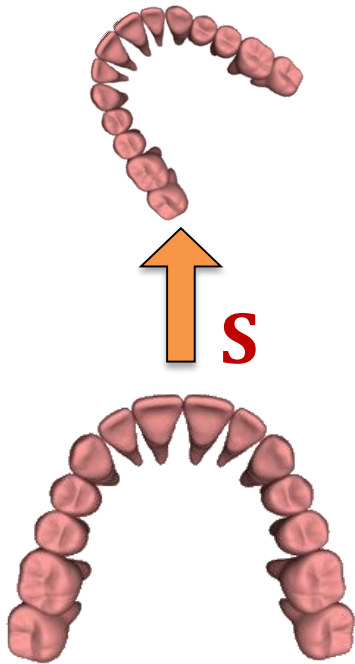
position of tooth τ



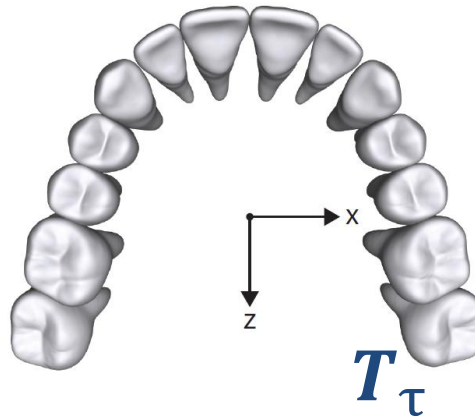
shape of tooth τ

PARAMETRIC TEETH MODEL

$$\mathbf{Z}_\tau = \mathbf{S} \mathbf{T}_\tau \left(\mathbf{A}_\tau + \sum_i \alpha_\tau^i \mathbf{B}_\tau^i \right)$$



Scale and position



position of tooth τ



shape of tooth τ

GAUSSIAN DISTRIBUTION

$$X = (\mathbf{S}, T_{\tau}, \{\alpha_{\tau}^i\})$$

GAUSSIAN DISTRIBUTION

- All dimensions modeled via multivariate Gaussians

$$\mathbf{X} = (\mathbf{S}, T_{\tau}, \{\alpha_{\tau}^i\})$$

GAUSSIAN DISTRIBUTION

- All dimensions modeled via multivariate Gaussians

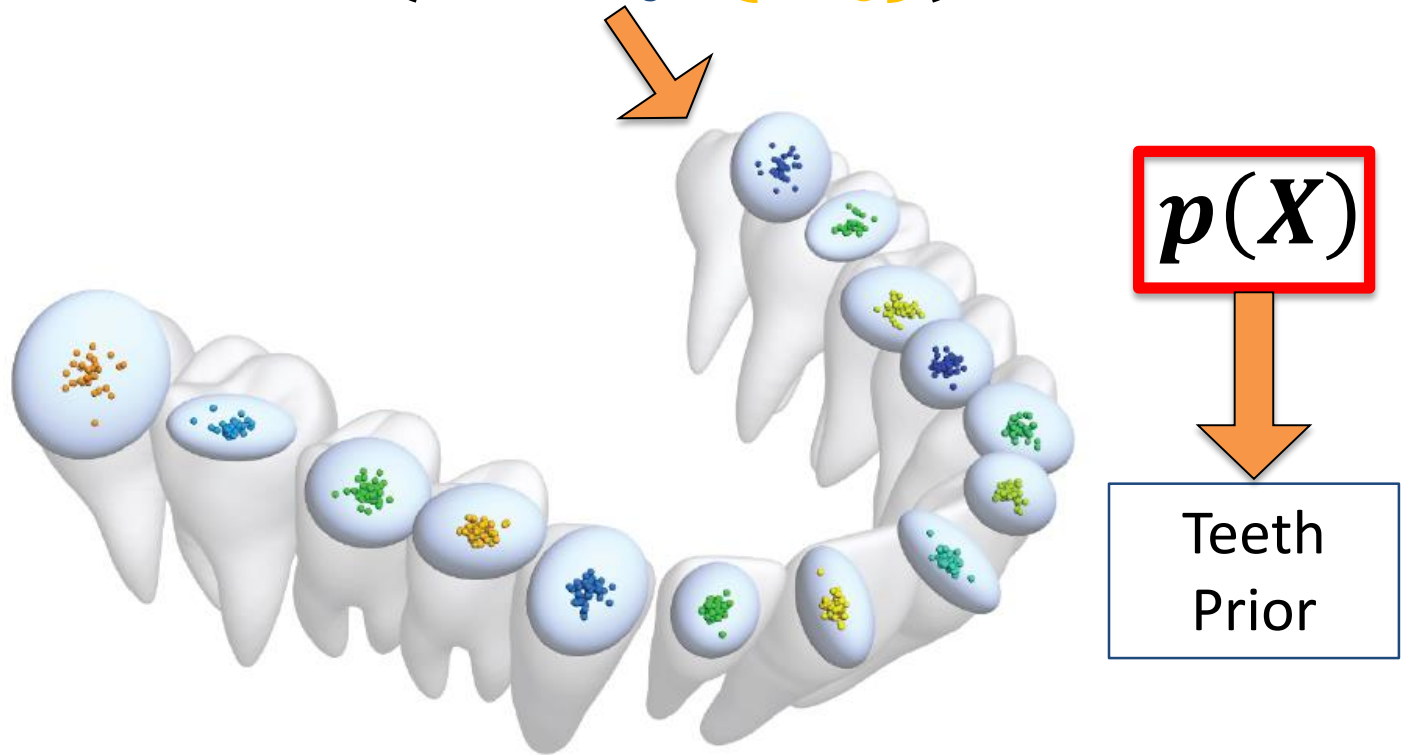
$$\mathbf{X} = (\mathbf{S}, T_{\tau}, \{\alpha_{\tau}^i\})$$



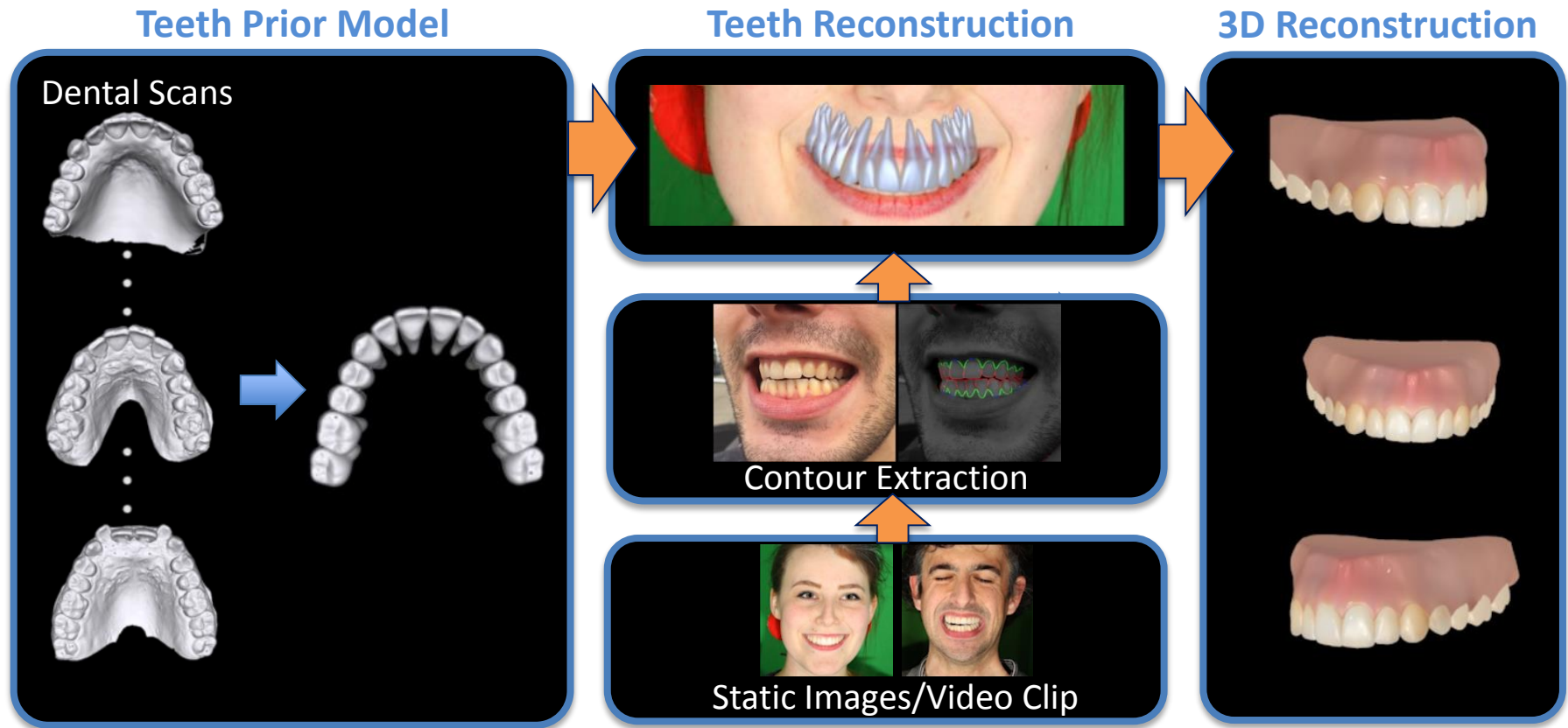
GAUSSIAN DISTRIBUTION

- All dimensions modeled via multivariate Gaussians

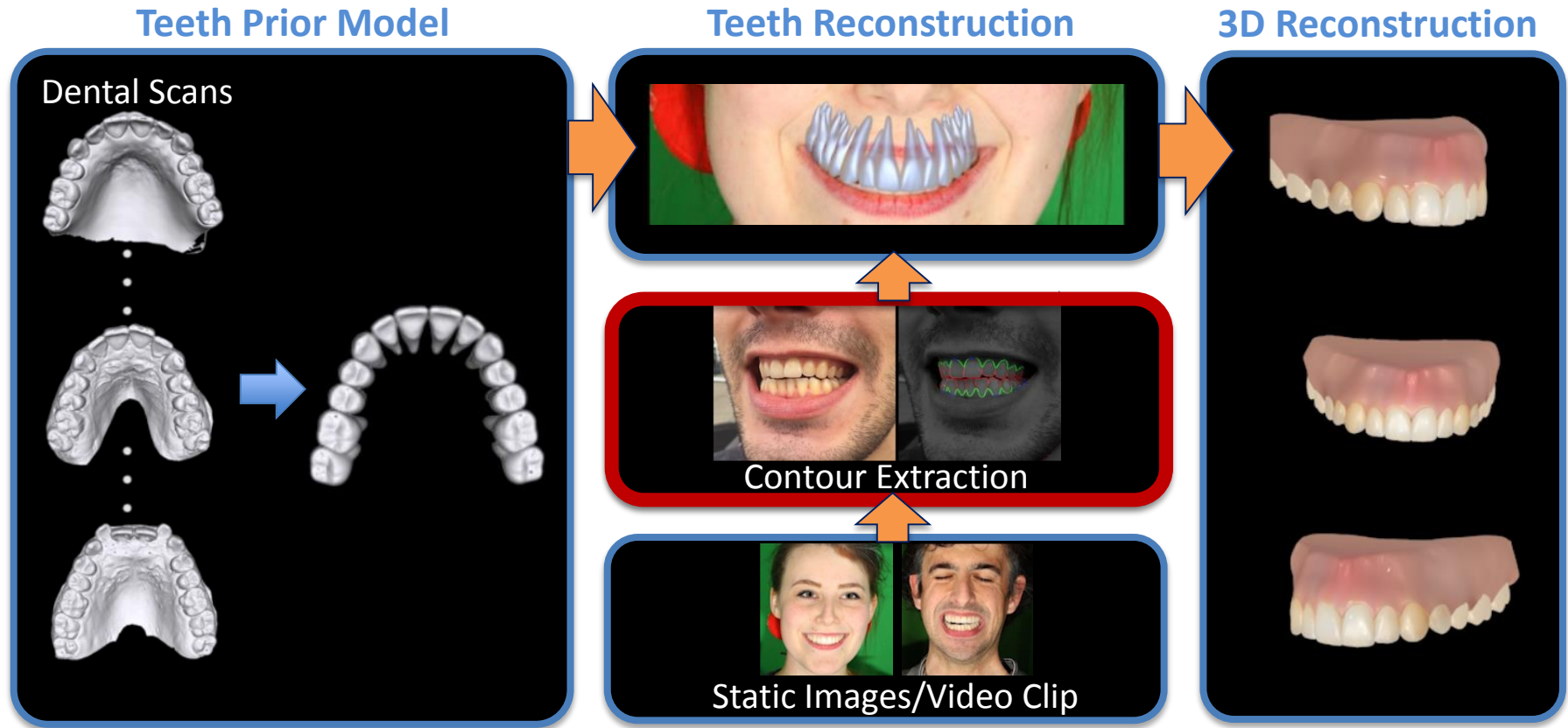
$$\mathbf{X} = (\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{T}_\tau, \{\alpha_\tau^i\})$$



OVERVIEW



OVERVIEW



CONTOUR EXTRACTION

CONTOUR EXTRACTION

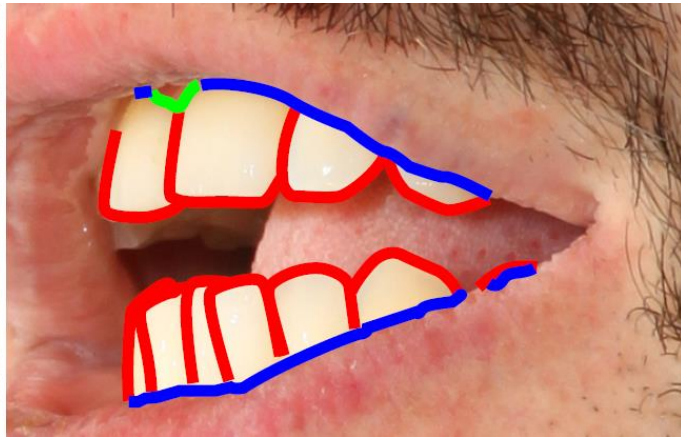
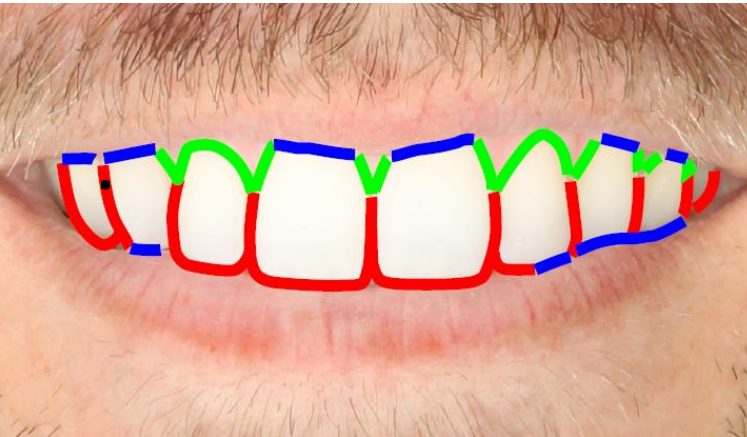
- Teeth are featureless

CONTOUR EXTRACTION

- Teeth are featureless
 - Except the silhouette

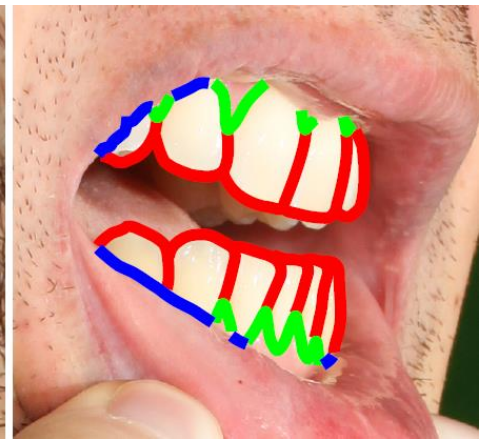
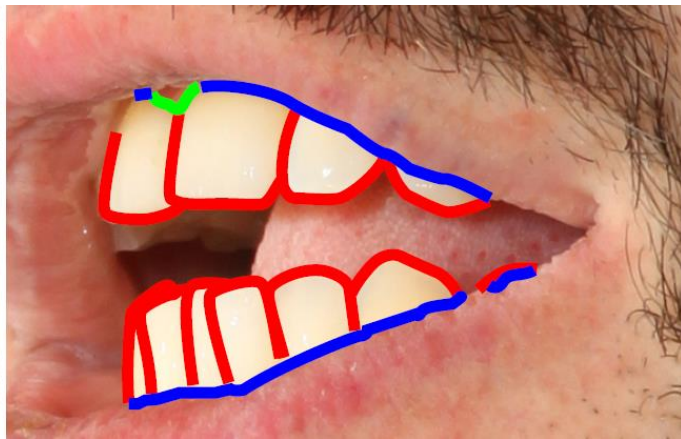
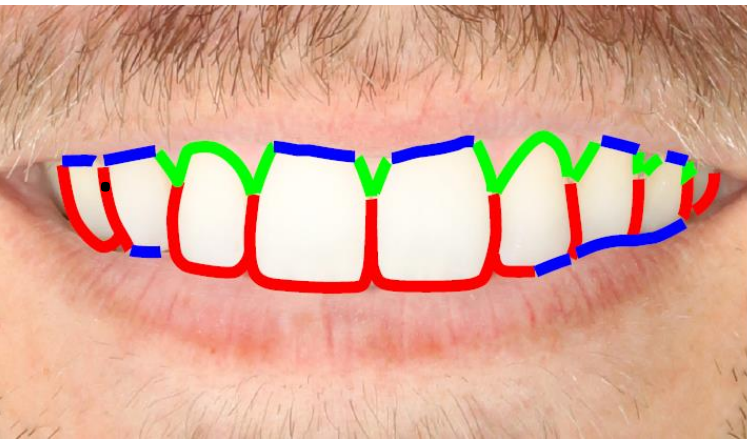
CONTOUR EXTRACTION

- Teeth are featureless
 - Except the silhouette



CONTOUR EXTRACTION

- Teeth are featureless
 - Except the silhouette



➤ Boosted Edge Learning (BEL)

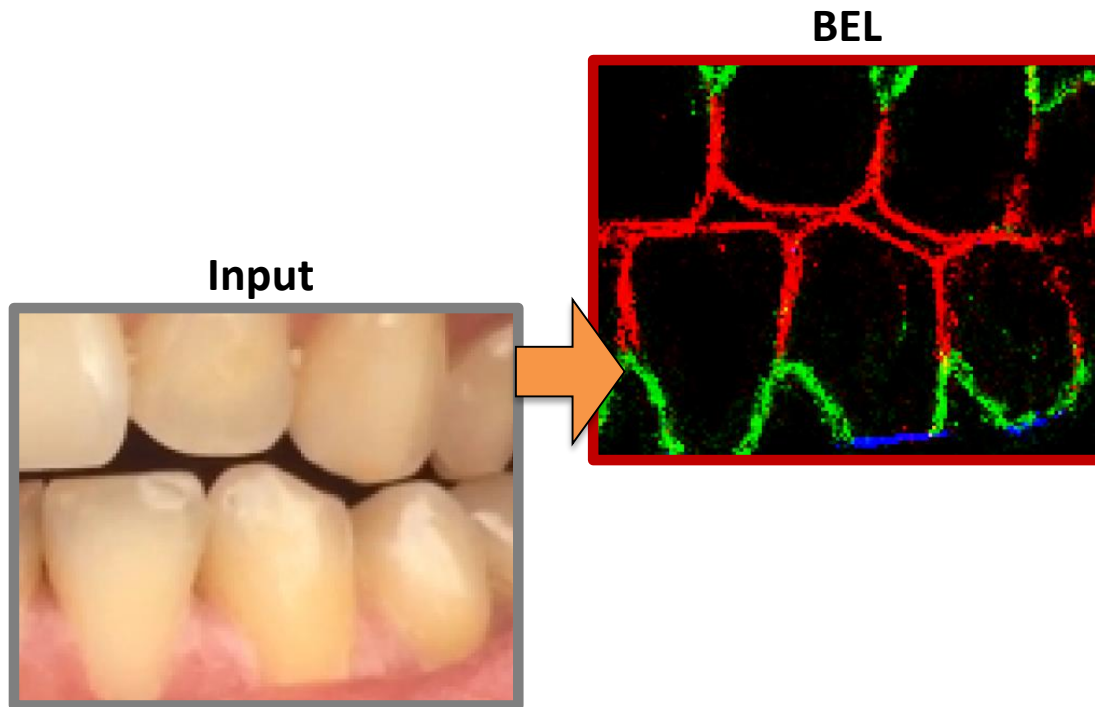
FEATURE FUSION

FEATURE FUSION

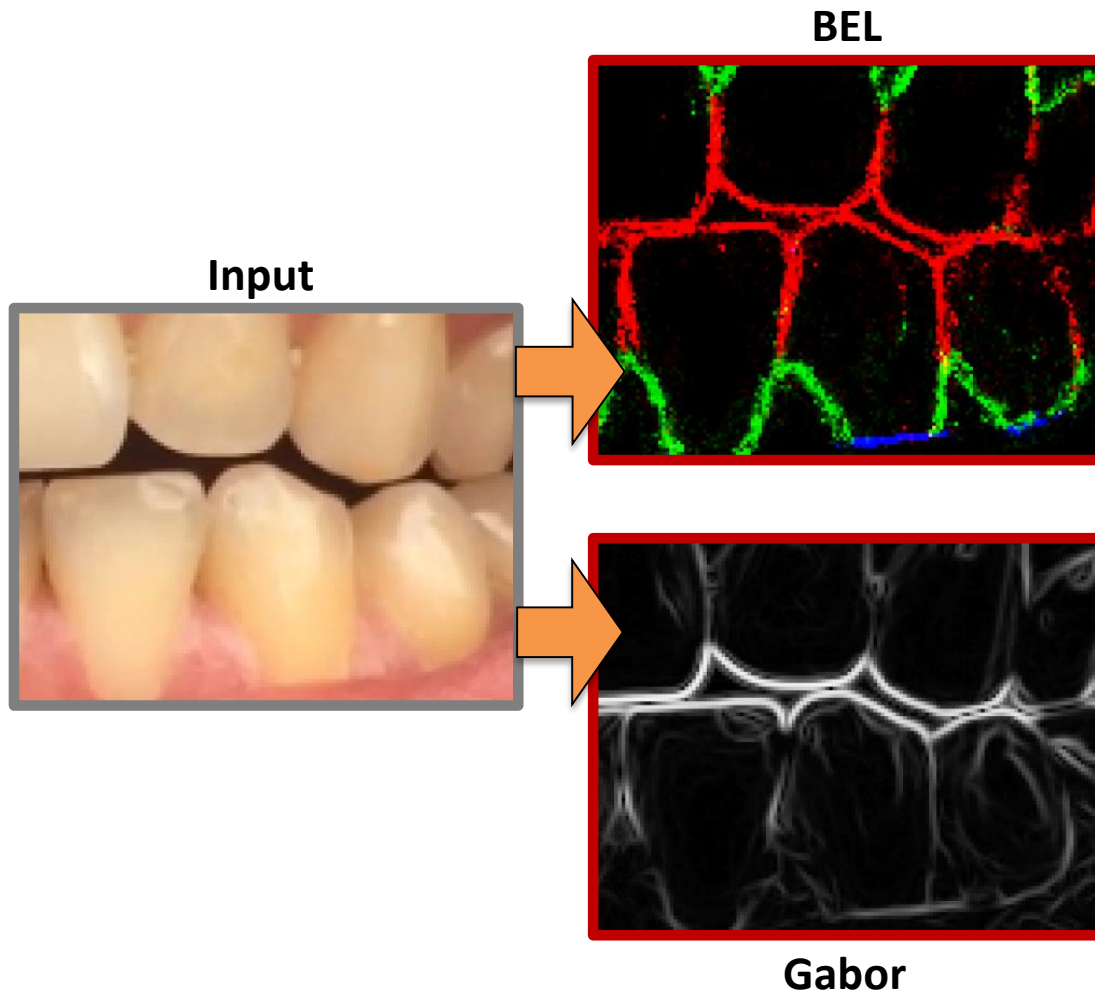
Input



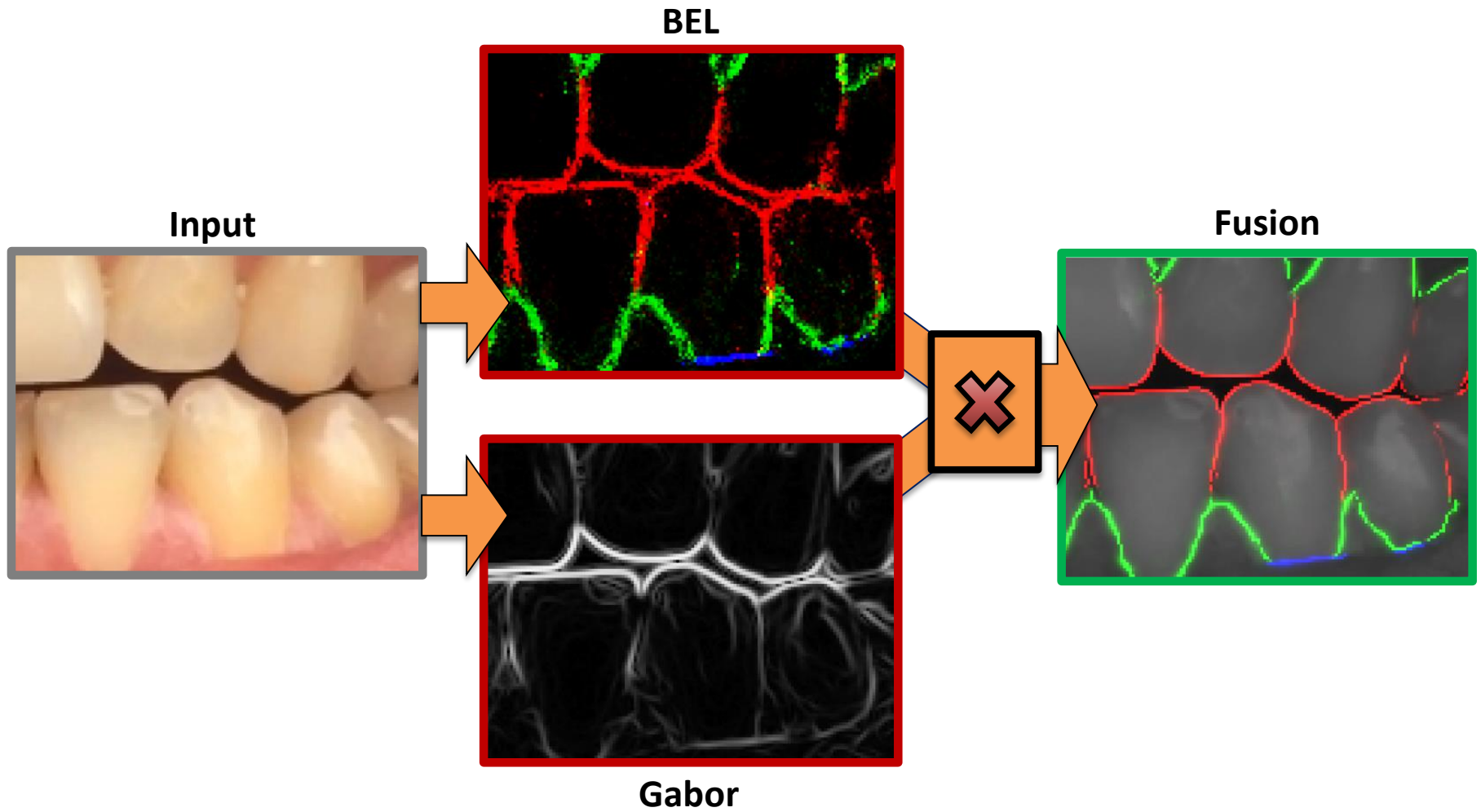
FEATURE FUSION



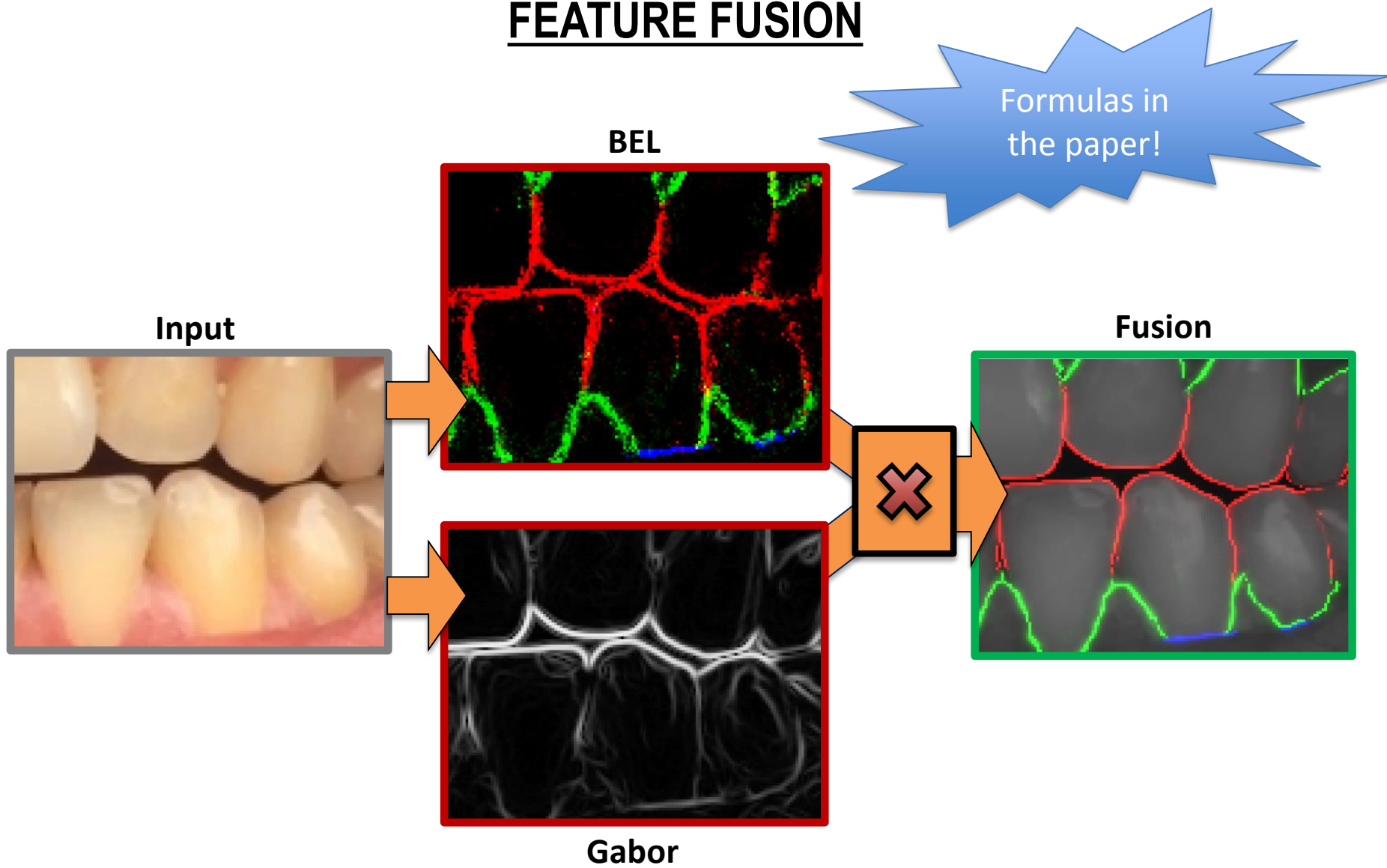
FEATURE FUSION



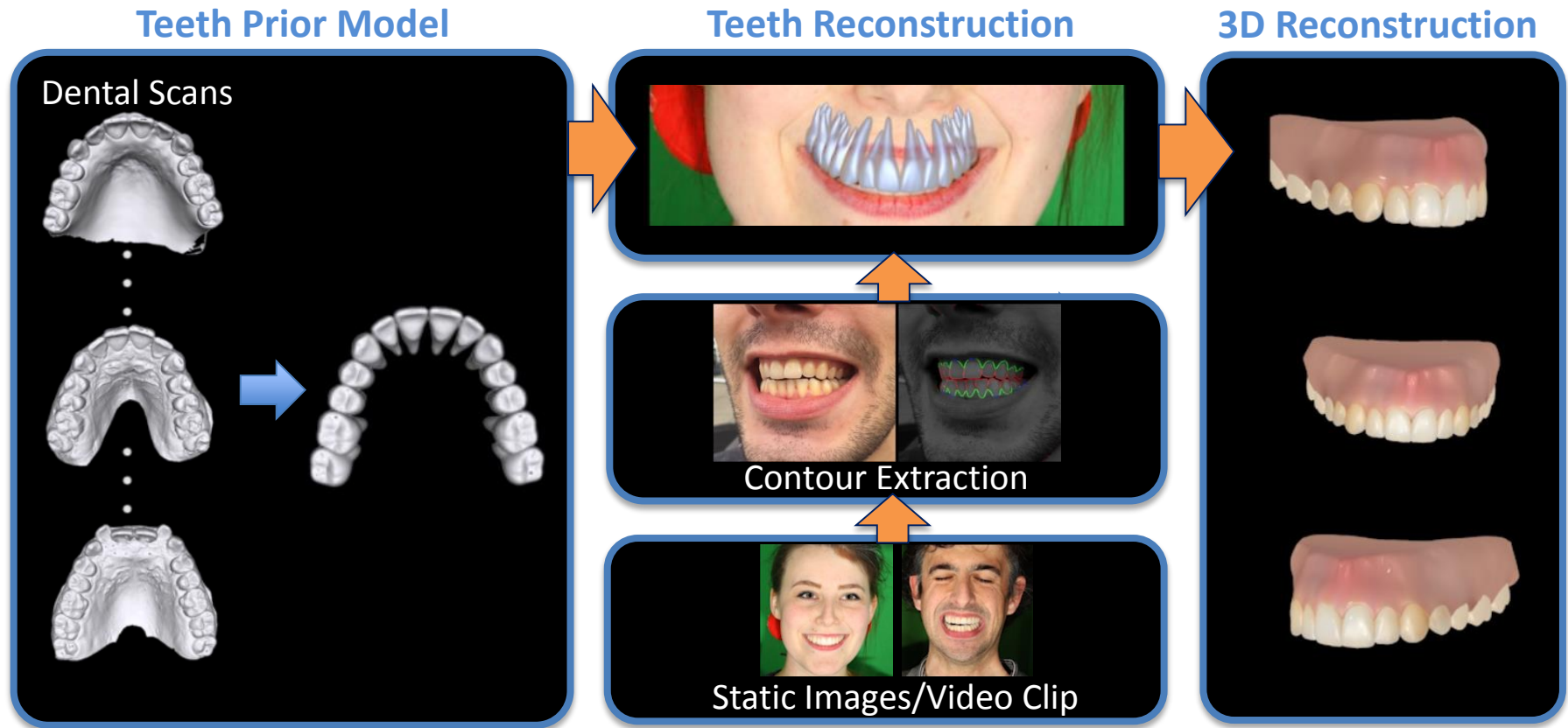
FEATURE FUSION



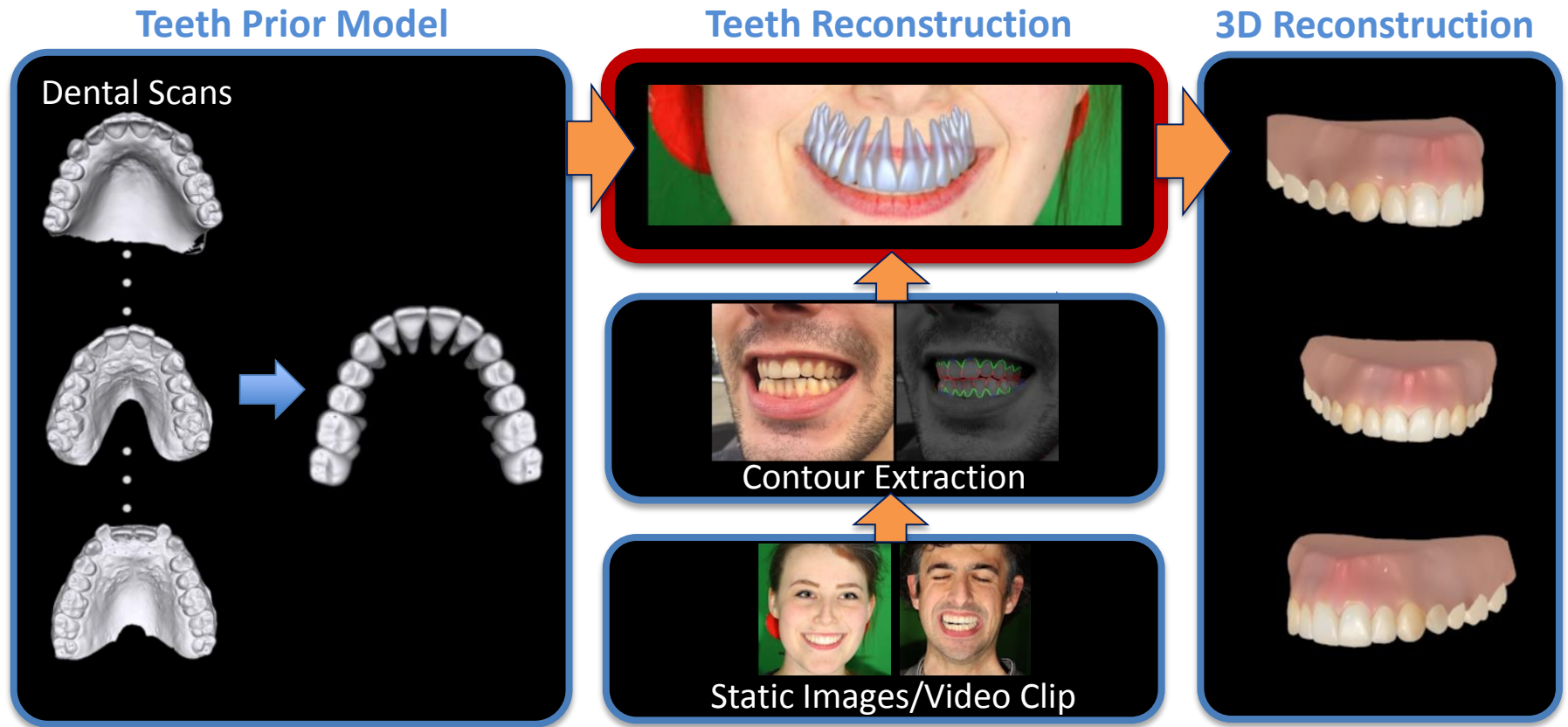
FEATURE FUSION



OVERVIEW



OVERVIEW



TEETH FITTING

- Given detected contours \mathcal{C}

TEETH FITTING

- Given detected contours \mathcal{C}
- Find parameters: $\mathbf{X} = (\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{T}_{\tau}, \{\alpha_{\tau}^i\})$

MAXIMUM A POSTERIORI (MAP) PROBLEM

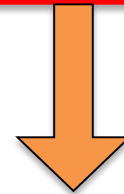
- Given detected contours \mathcal{C}
- Find parameters: $X = (\mathbf{S}, T_{\tau}, \{\alpha_{\tau}^i\})$

$$\begin{aligned} X^* &= \arg \max_X p(X|\mathcal{C}) \\ &= \arg \max_X [p(\mathcal{C}|X) \cdot p(X)] \end{aligned}$$

MAXIMUM A POSTERIORI (MAP) PROBLEM

- Given detected contours \mathcal{C}
- Find parameters: $X = (\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{T}_\tau, \{\alpha_\tau^i\})$

$$\begin{aligned} X^* &= \arg \max_X p(X|\mathcal{C}) \\ &= \arg \max_X [p(\mathcal{C}|X) \cdot p(X)] \end{aligned}$$



Teeth Edge
Likelihood

MAXIMUM A POSTERIORI (MAP) PROBLEM

- Given detected contours \mathcal{C}
- Find parameters: $X = (\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{T}_\tau, \{\alpha_\tau^i\})$

$$\begin{aligned} X^* &= \arg \max_X p(X|\mathcal{C}) \\ &= \arg \max_X [p(\mathcal{C}|X) \cdot p(X)] \end{aligned}$$

The diagram illustrates the decomposition of the Maximum A Posteriori (MAP) problem. The equation $X^* = \arg \max_X p(X|\mathcal{C}) = \arg \max_X [p(\mathcal{C}|X) \cdot p(X)]$ is shown. The terms $p(\mathcal{C}|X)$ and $p(X)$ are highlighted with red boxes. Orange arrows point from these boxes to two separate boxes below: 'Teeth Edge Likelihood' and 'Teeth Prior'.

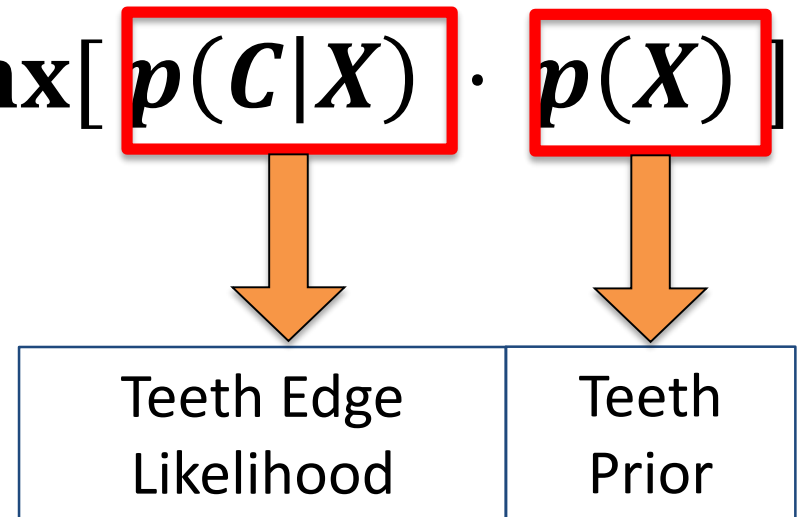
Teeth Edge Likelihood	Teeth Prior
--------------------------	----------------

MAXIMUM A POSTERIORI (MAP) PROBLEM

- Given detected contours \mathcal{C}
- Find parameters: $X = (\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{T}_\tau, \{\alpha_\tau^i\})$

$$\begin{aligned} X^* &= \arg \max_X p(X|\mathcal{C}) \\ &= \arg \max_X [p(\mathcal{C}|X) \cdot p(X)] \end{aligned}$$

Solve with EM-Algorithm



EM ALGORITHM

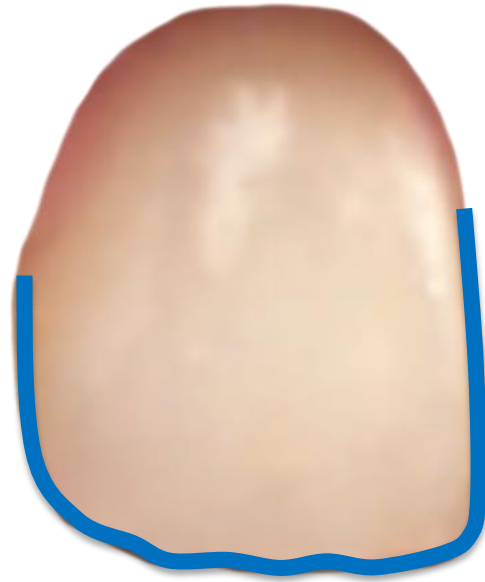
EM ALGORITHM



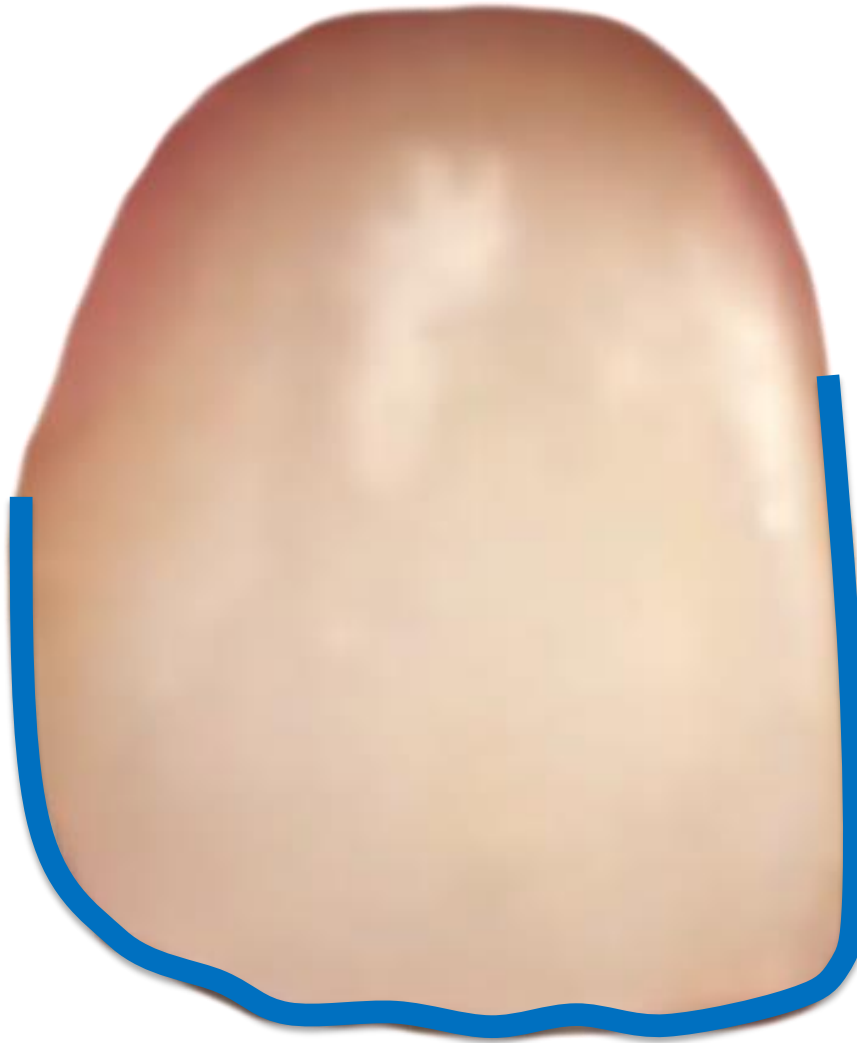
EM ALGORITHM



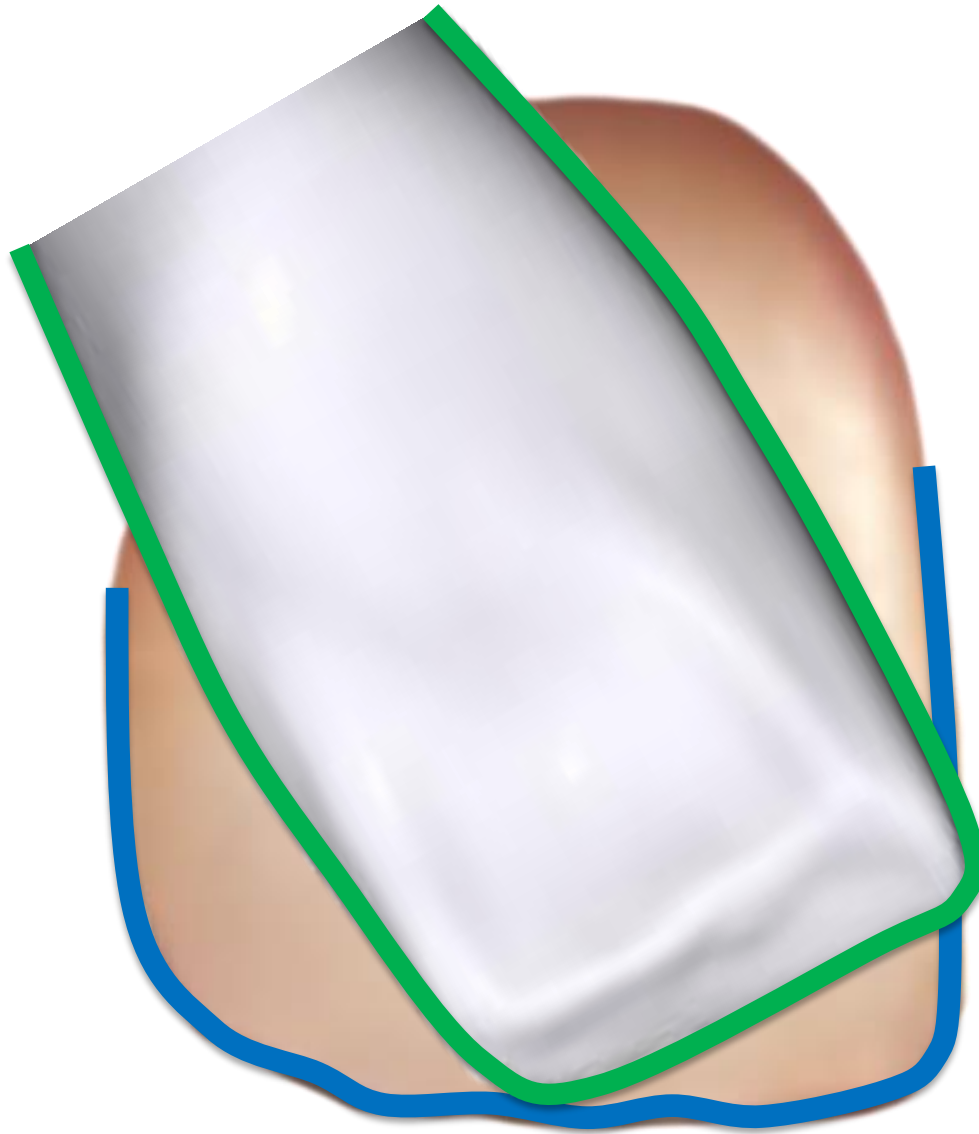
EM ALGORITHM



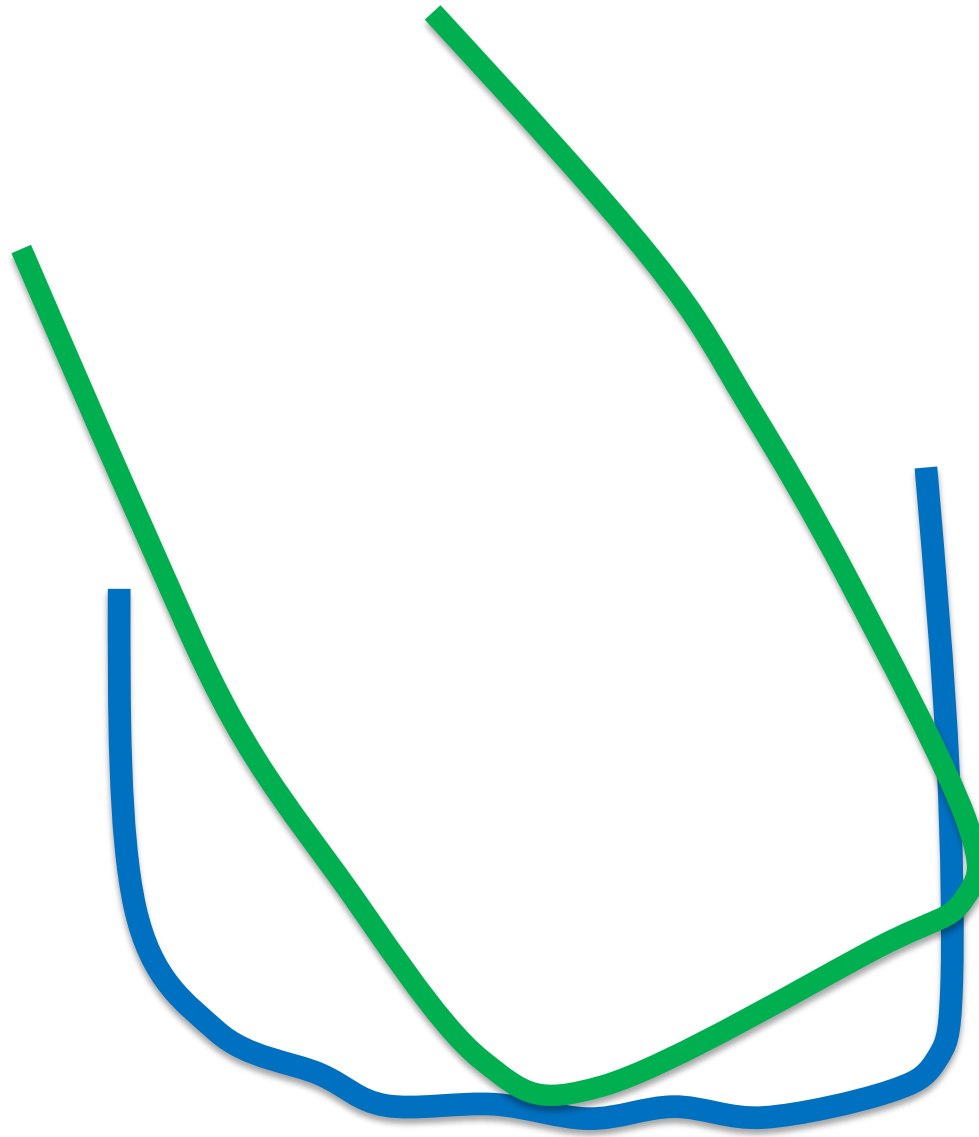
EM ALGORITHM



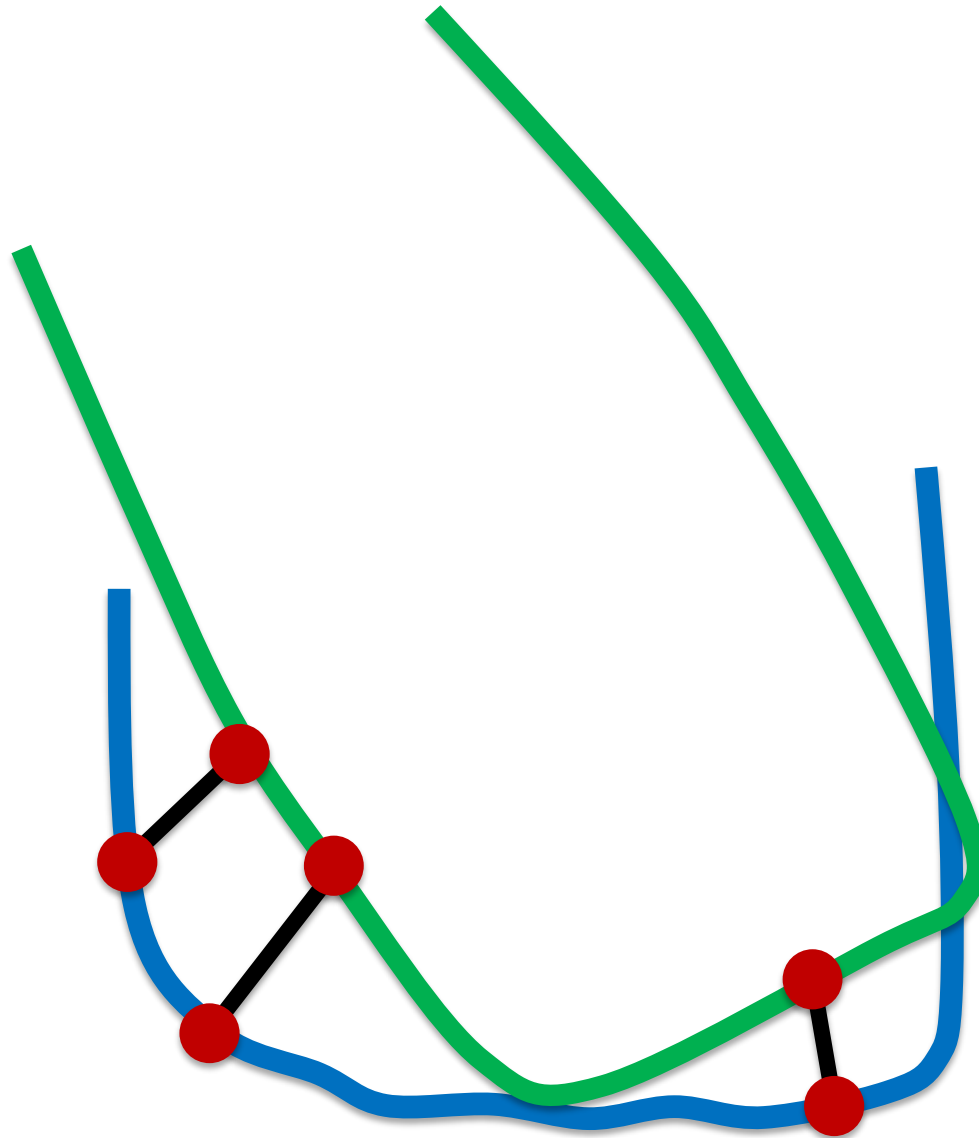
EM ALGORITHM



EM ALGORITHM



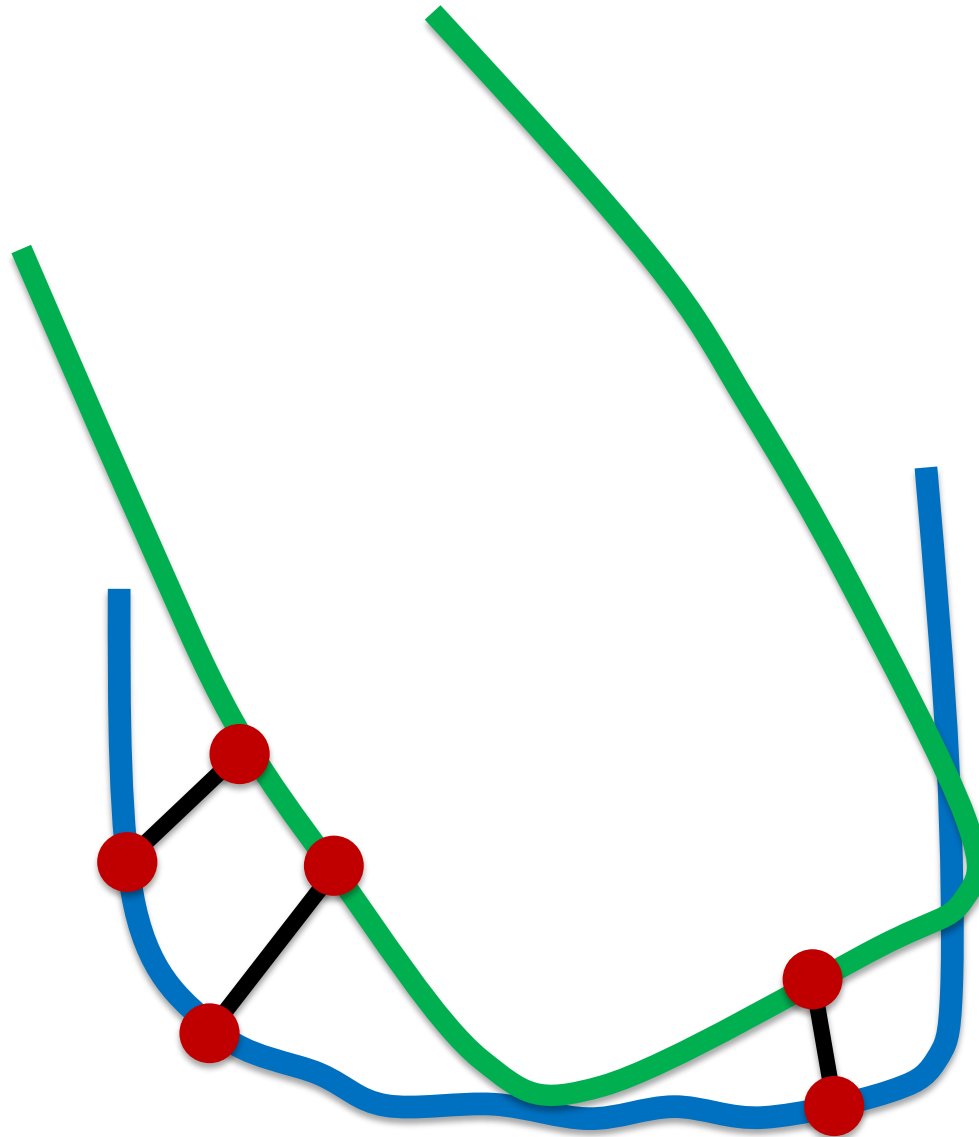
E-STEP



TEETH EDGE LIKELIHOOD

Teeth Edge Likelihood

$$p(\mathbf{C}|\mathbf{X})$$

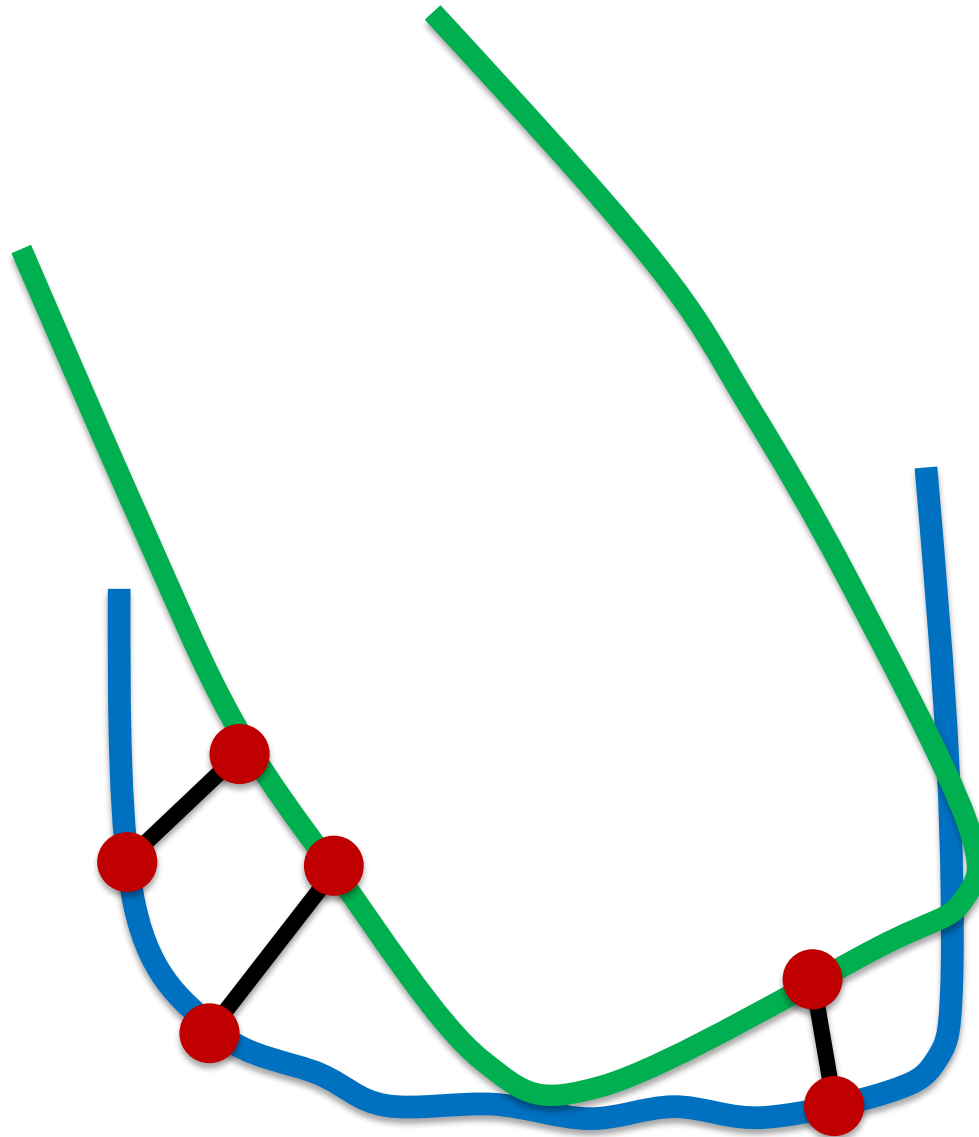


TEETH EDGE LIKELIHOOD

Teeth Edge
Likelihood

$$p(\mathcal{C}|X)$$
$$=$$

$$p_p(\mathcal{C}|X)$$



TEETH EDGE LIKELIHOOD

Teeth Edge
Likelihood

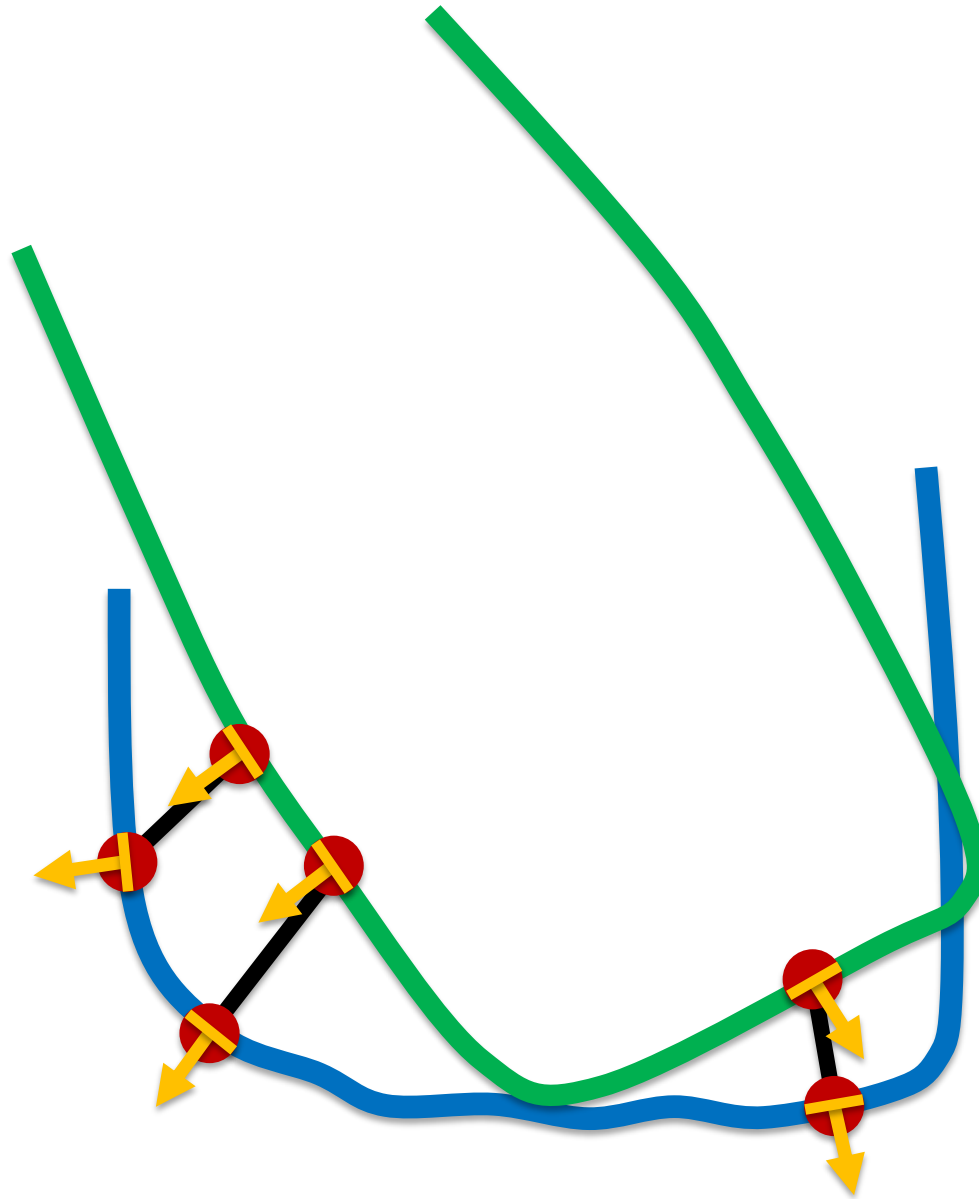
$$p(\mathbf{C}|X)$$

=

$$p_p(\mathbf{C}|X)$$

•

$$p_n(\mathbf{C}|X)$$



TEETH EDGE LIKELIHOOD

Teeth Edge
Likelihood

$$p(\mathbf{C}|\mathbf{X})$$

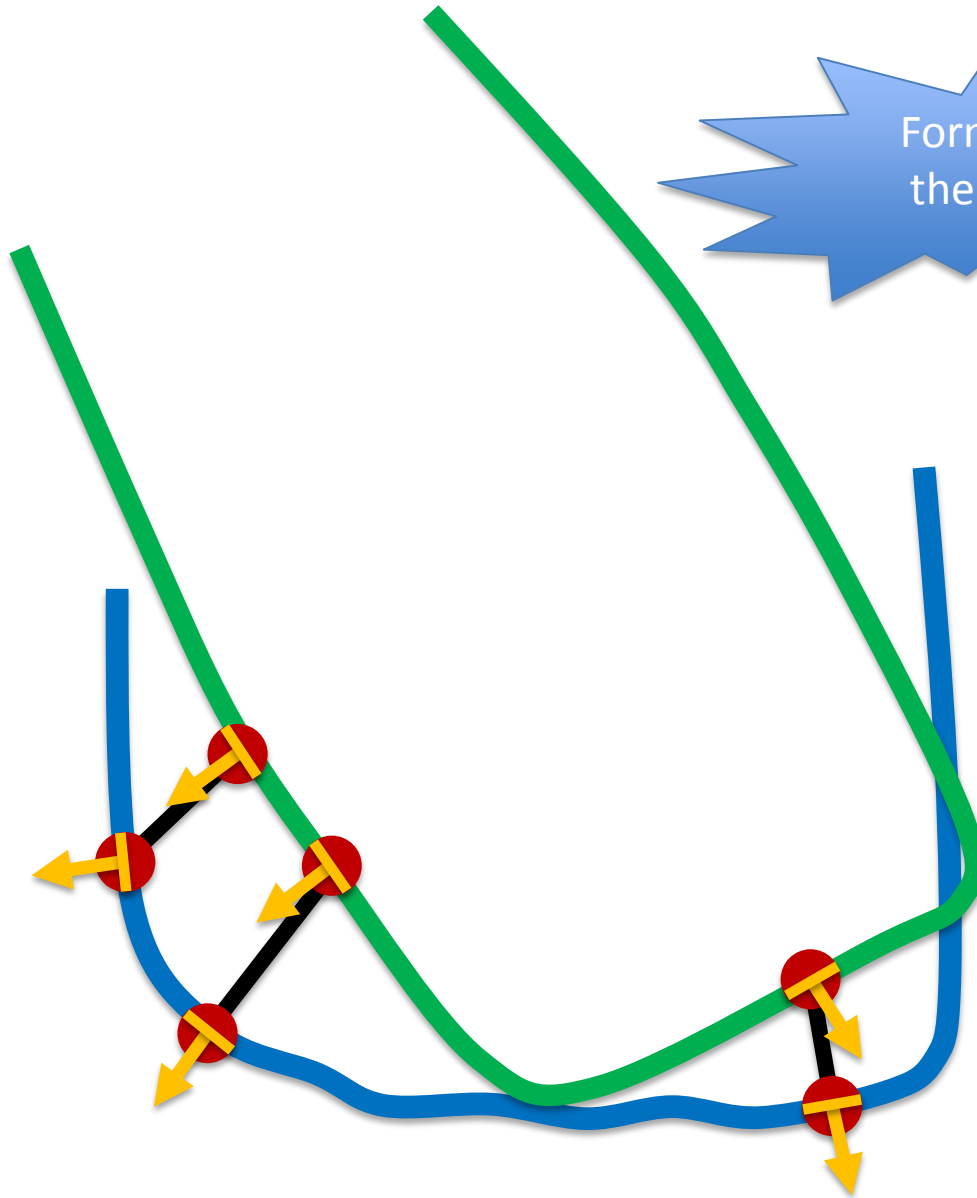
=

$$p_p(\mathbf{C}|\mathbf{X})$$

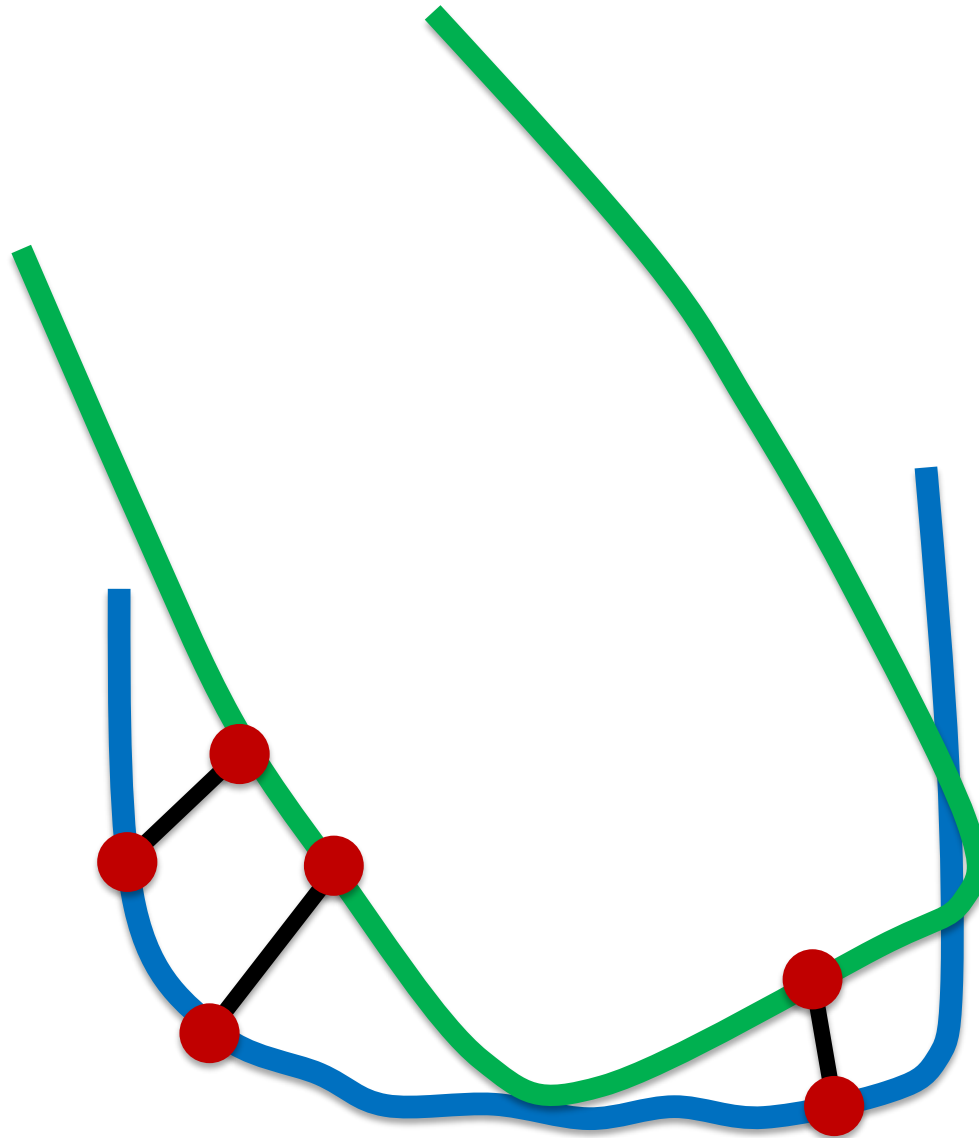
•

$$p_n(\mathbf{C}|\mathbf{X})$$

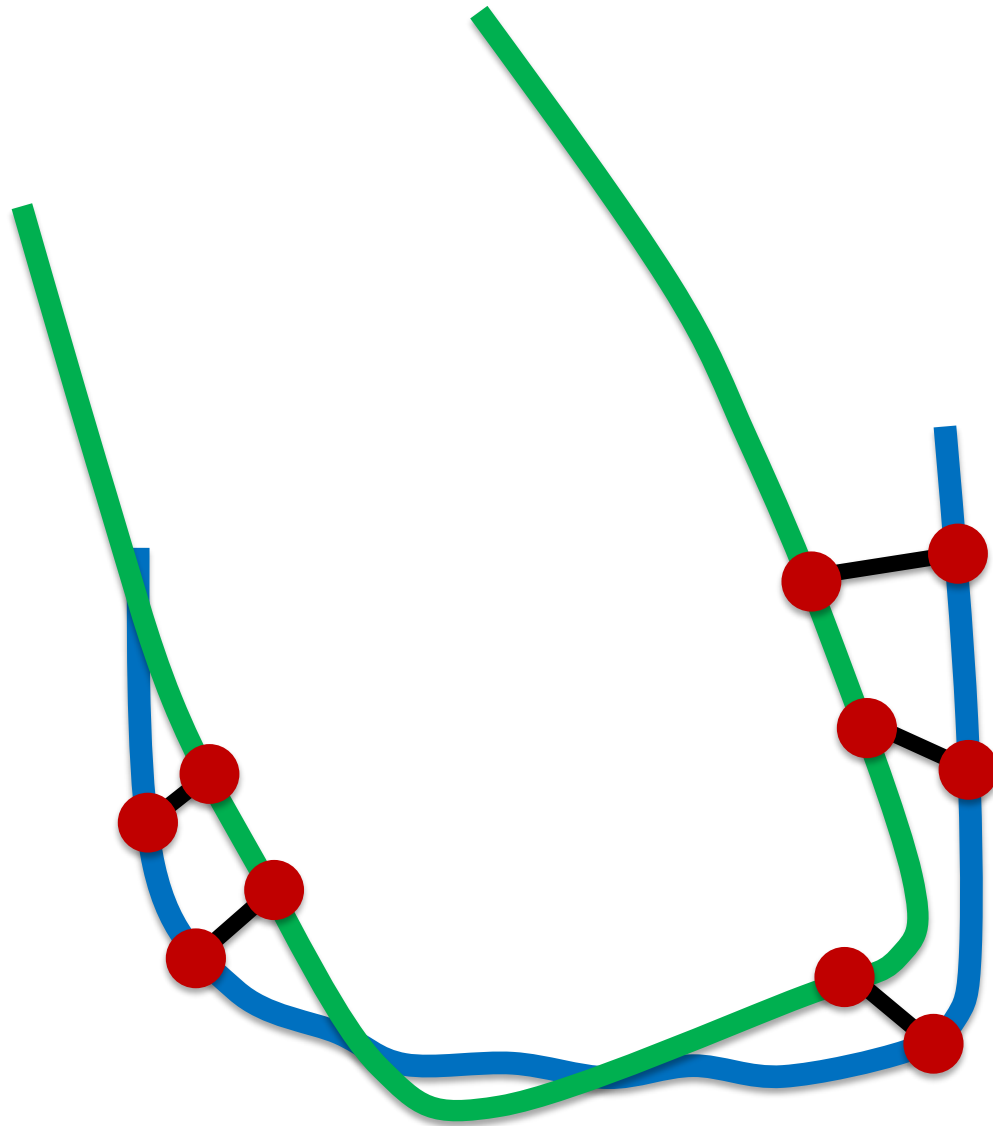
Formulas in
the paper!



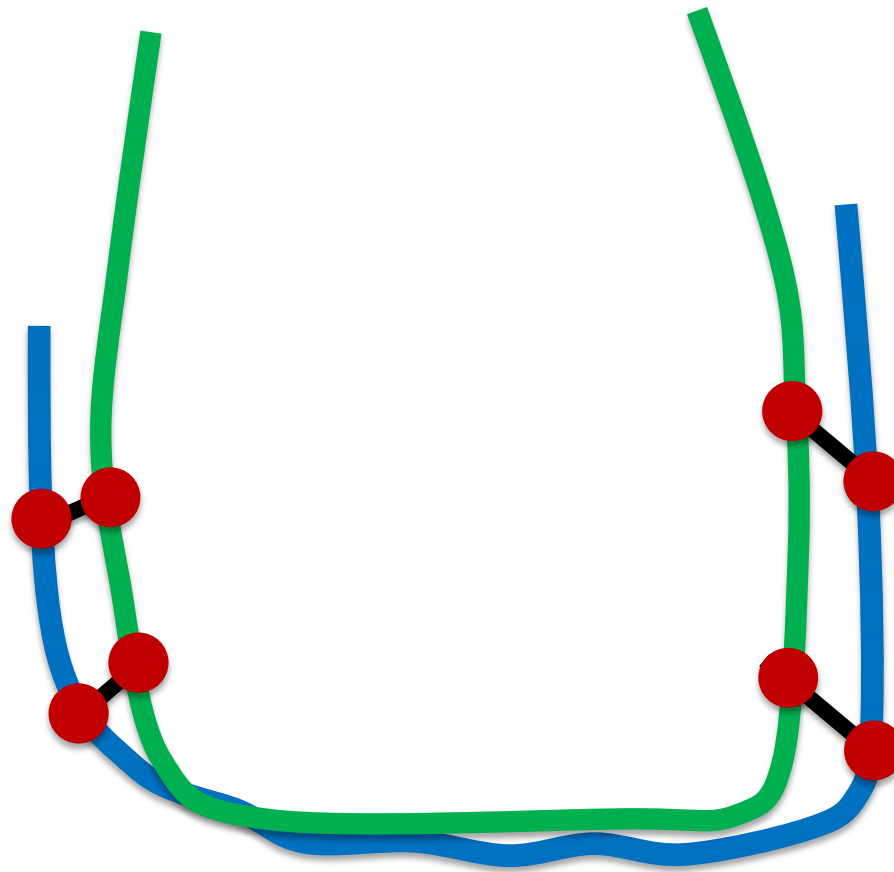
M-STEP



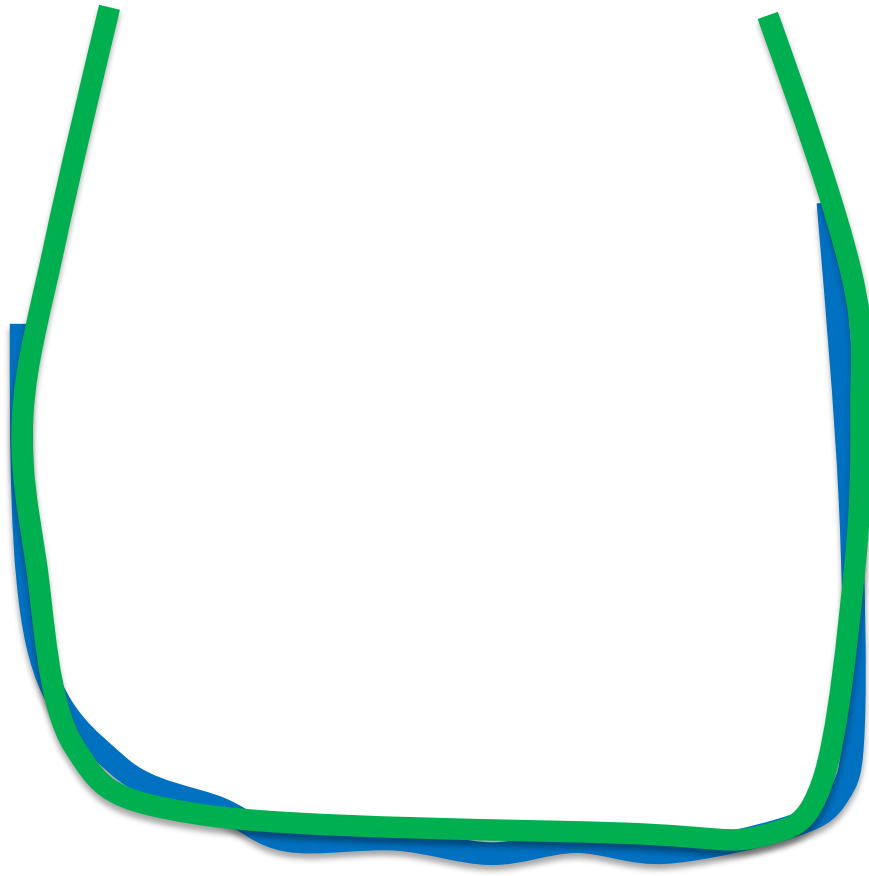
M-STEP



ITERATE



DONE



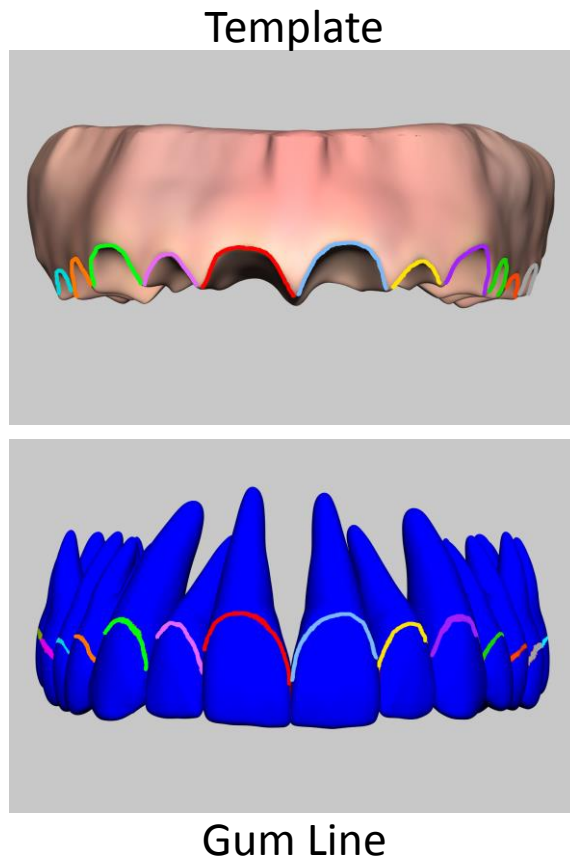
COLOR AND GUMS

COLOR AND GUMS

- Projective Texturing

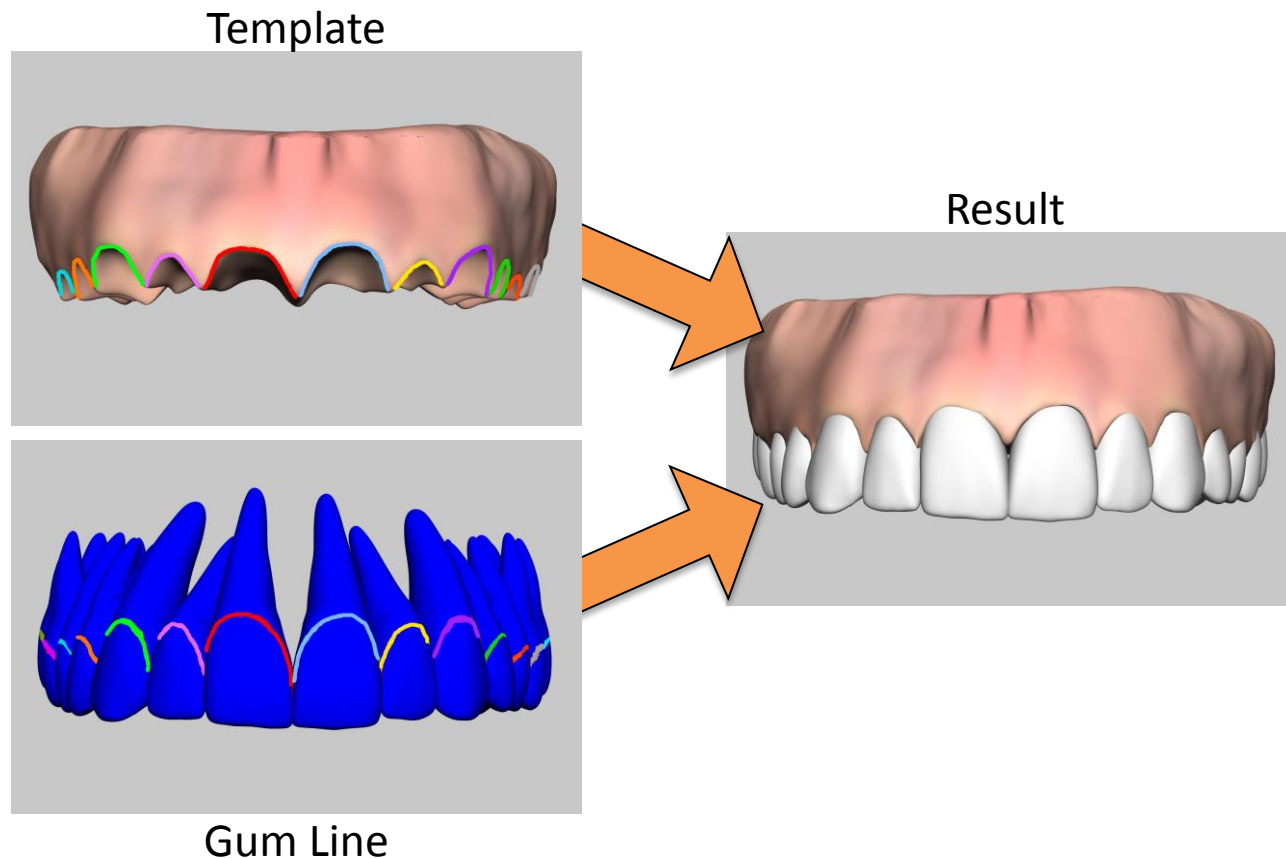
COLOR AND GUMS

- Projective Texturing
- Fit 3D gum template via Laplacian deformation

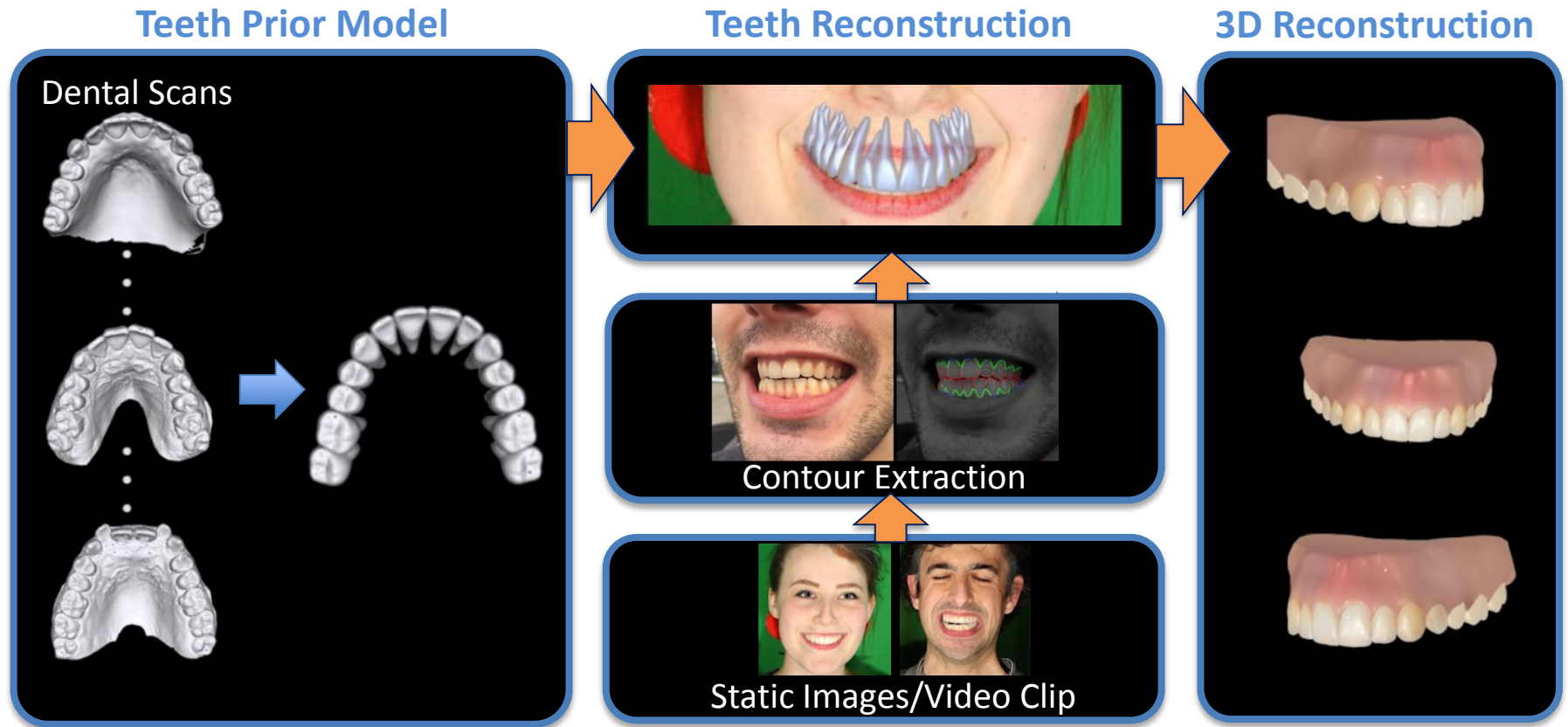


COLOR AND GUMS

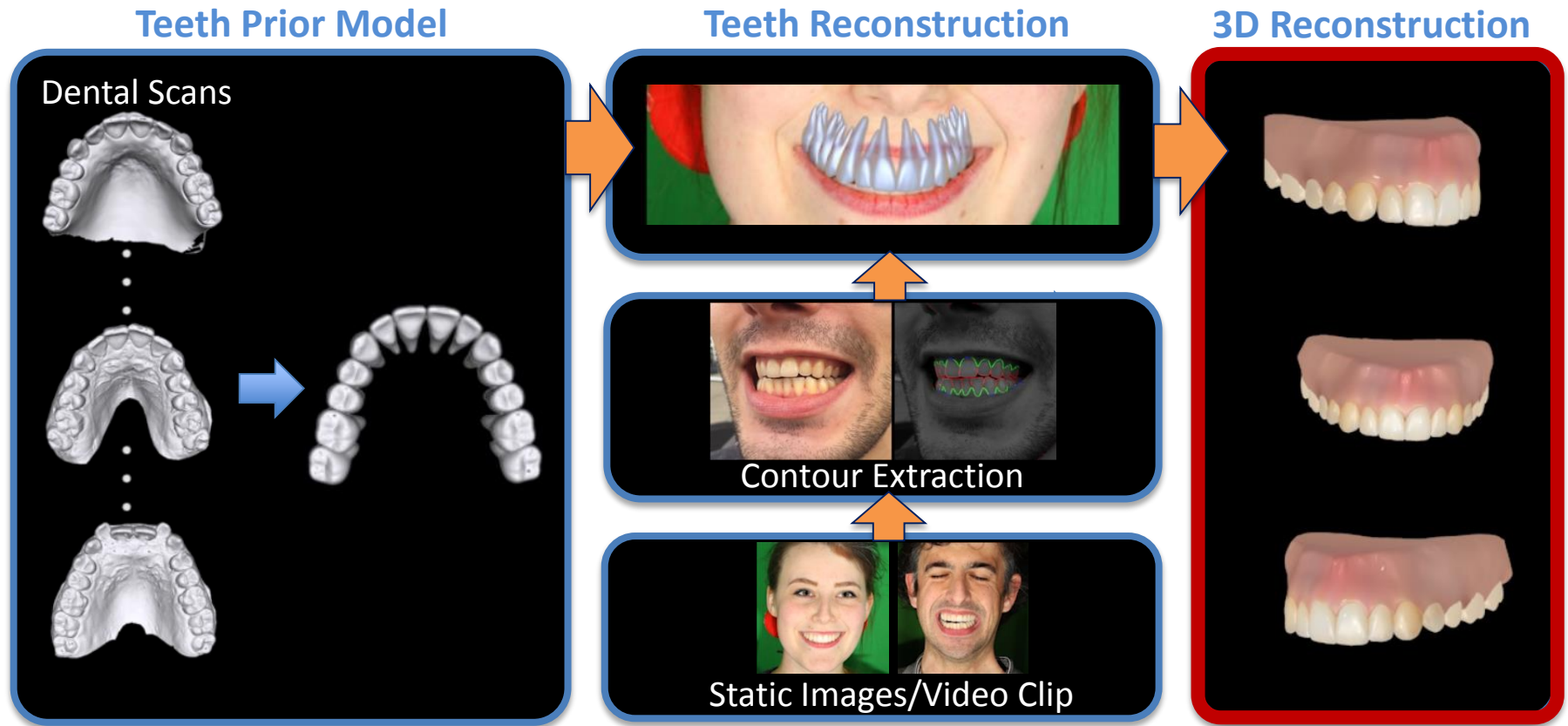
- Projective Texturing
- Fit 3D gum template via Laplacian deformation



OVERVIEW



OVERVIEW



MULTI-VIEW IMAGES

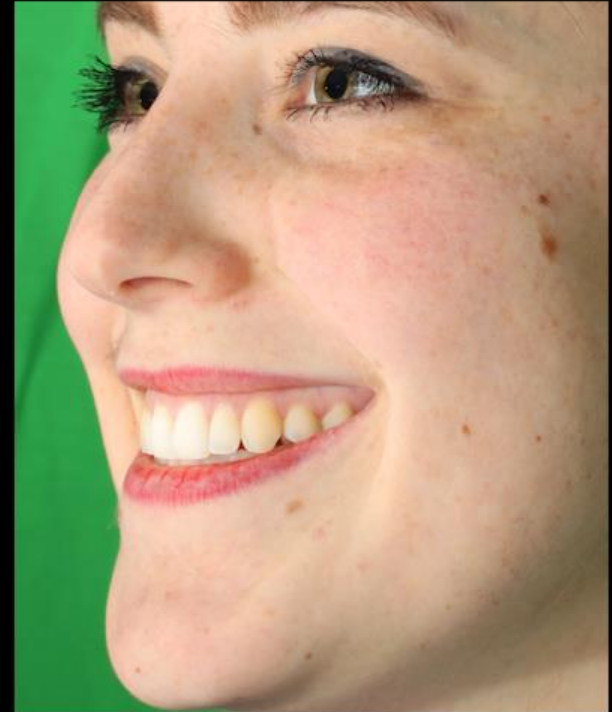
Left view



Frontal view



Right view



3 out of 8 cameras

MONOCULAR VIDEO



Input video



Rendered 3D results

APPLICATION: TOOTH RESTORATION



APPLICATION: TOOTH RESTORATION



1 tooth missing

APPLICATION: TOOTH RESTORATION



1 tooth missing



2 teeth missing

APPLICATION: TOOTH RESTORATION



1 tooth missing



2 teeth missing



4 teeth missing

CONCLUSION



First non-invasive teeth
reconstruction approach

CONCLUSION



First non-invasive teeth
reconstruction approach

Content creation
(i.e. digital actor)

CONCLUSION



First non-invasive teeth
reconstruction approach

Content creation
(i.e. digital actor)

Dentistry
(i.e. tooth restoration)

THANK YOU!



C. Wu



D. Bradley



P. Garrido



M. Zollhöfer



C. Theobalt



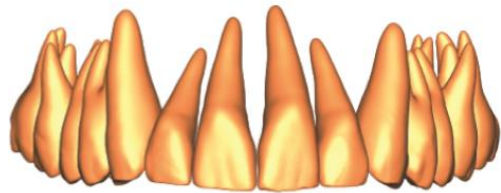
M. Gross



T. Beeler

APPENDIX

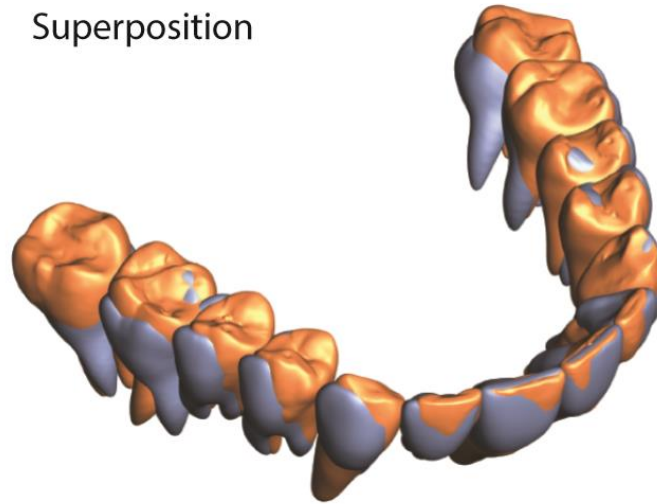
Ground-Truth



Reconstructed



Superposition



Alignment Error

